

Activities in HIM (Germany) & PKU (China)

—— Atomic Magnetometry and Related Applications in Exotic Physics ——

The 1st International Workshop on Global Network of Cavities to Search for Gravitational Waves (GravNet)

Prof. Dr. Teng Wu

Institute of Quantum Electronics, School of Electronics, Peking University

email: wuteng@pku.edu.cn



2015.03 - 2015.06 : PhD candidate, 3-months' visit, *Nitrogen Vacancy Centers in Diamond*

[Peking University] Ask for Short-term Visiting Student's Position (**Self-Funded**)



Dmitry Budker <dbudker@gmail.com>

to me ▾

Nov 16, 2014, 4:24 AM



Nov. 16, 2014, 4:24 AM



English ▾



Chinese (Traditional) ▾

[Translate message](#)

[Turn off for: English](#) ×

Dear Teng Wu:

I think it would be very good if you could come to our laboratory as a visiting student. I am not sure if you know this, our group is now in two geographical locations, one at Berkeley, and another at the new Helmholtz institute and the Johannes Gutenberg University at Mainz, Germany. It is our German operations that are rapidly expanding at the moment, and where I think it would be best for you to visit. Would this be of interest?

To proceed, please ask Prof. Hong Guo to e-mail me a (possibly brief) recommendation letter for you; also, please let me know what will be needed on my side to support your application for the scholarship. Let me know also if you would like to speak with me via SKYPE (I am dmitrybudker).

2015.03 - 2015.06 : PhD candidate, 3-months' visit, *Nitrogen Vacancy Centers in Diamond*



Dr. Nathan Leefer



Dr. Lykourgos Bougas



Dr. Arne Wickenbrock

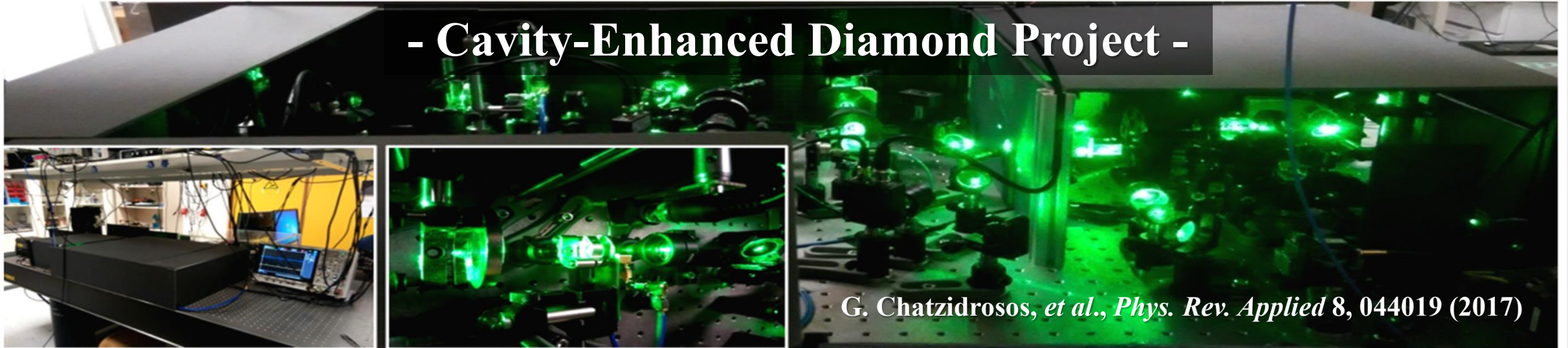


Dr. Georgios Chatzidrosos



Prof. Dr. Yannick Dumeige

- Cavity-Enhanced Diamond Project -



G. Chatzidrosos, *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Applied* 8, 044019 (2017)

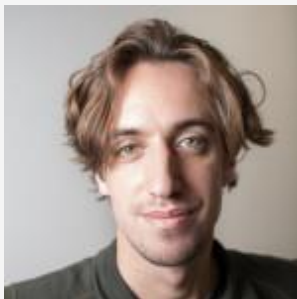


Helmholtz Institut Mainz (2015)

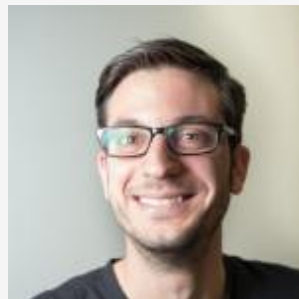
2015

Married
PhD degree
Baby

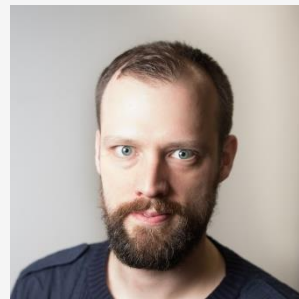
2015.03 - 2015.06

PhD candidate, 3-months' visit, Nitrogen Vacancy Centers in Diamond

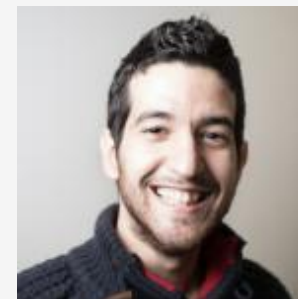
Dr. Nathan Leefer



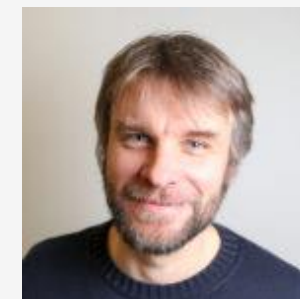
Dr. Lykourgos Bougas



Dr. Arne Wickenbrock



Georgios Chatzidrosos



Prof. Dr. Yannick Dumeige

2016

2016.09 - 2019.09

Postdoc, 3 years, Zero- to Ultralow-Field Nuclear Magnetic Resonance, CASPER

Dr. John Blanchard



Dr. Min Jiang/Billion



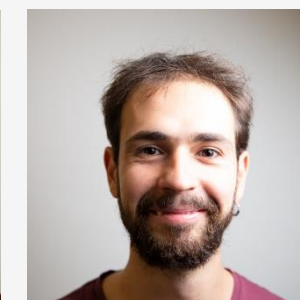
Antoine Garcon



Román Picazo Frutos



Dr. James Eills

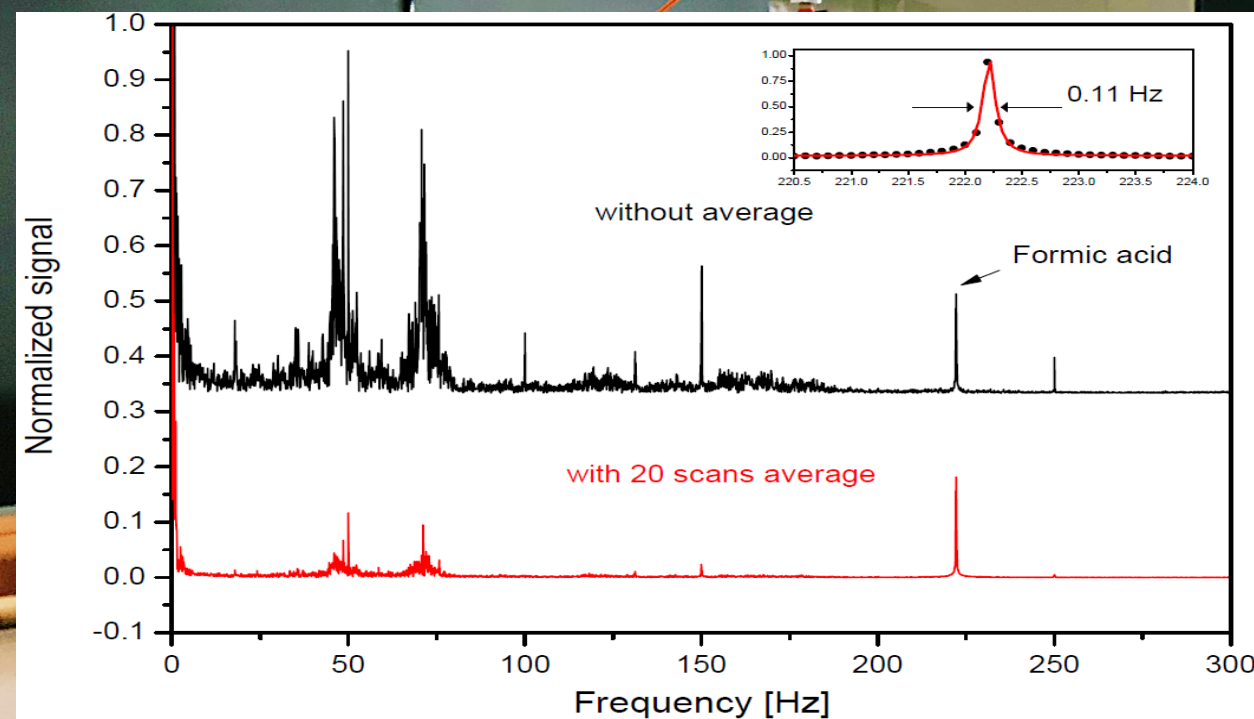


Dr. Kirill Sheberstov

CASPER Group: Arne, Nate, Gary, Hector, Marina, Martin, Prof. Derek J. Kimball, Yevgeny...

Zero- to Ultralow-Field (ZULF) Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

(photo taken date: Jan. 2017)



First ZULF NMR signal @ Mainz: *Formic Acid* (Dec. 2016)

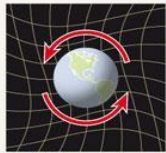


Q: Why to measure the *Gravitation Induced Spin Precession* Signal?

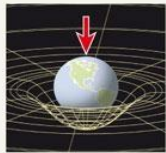
I. Check whether *Spin* experiences the *Same* Geodetic and Frame-Dragging effects as a *Classical Gyroscope*

A TWIST IN SPACE-TIME *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 106, 221101 (2011)

Gravity Probe B confirmed key predictions of general relativity by measuring two tiny shifts in the spin axis of its gyroscopes.



Frame-dragging effect
(0.000011 degrees per year)
Spinning object twists space-time.



Geodetic effect
(0.0018 degrees per year)
Massive object curves space-time.

Guide star
IM Pegasi
(HR 8703)

Gravity Probe B



Phys. Rev. D 103, 044056 (2021)

Gravity Probe Spin: Prospects for measuring general-relativistic precession of intrinsic spin using a ferromagnetic gyroscope

Pavel Fadeev^{1,*}, Tao Wang², Y. B. Band³, Dmitry Budker^{1,4}, Peter W. Graham⁵, Alexander O. Sushkov⁶, and Derek F. Jackson Kimball^{7,†}

¹Helmholtz Institute Mainz, Johannes Gutenberg University, 55099 Mainz, Germany

²Department of Physics, Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey 08544, USA

³Department of Chemistry, Department of Physics, Department of Electro-Optics,

and the Ilse Katz Center for Nano-Science, Ben-Gurion University, Beer-Sheva 84105, Israel

⁴Department of Physics, University of California at Berkeley, Berkeley, California 94720-7300, USA

⁵Department of Physics, Stanford Institute for Theoretical Physics, Stanford University, California 94305, USA

⁶Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, Massachusetts 02215, USA

⁷Department of Physics, California State University—East Bay, Hayward, California 94542-3084, USA

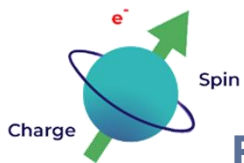
II. Check whether the *Extension* of General Relativity is Possible (*Pseudoscalar Coupling*, *Long-range Spin-dependent Potential*)

Rev. Mod. Phys. 48, 393 (1976)

Phys. Rev. D 18, 2739 (1978)

Phys. Rev. D 30, 130 (1984)

Rev. Mod. Phys. 90, 025008 (2018)



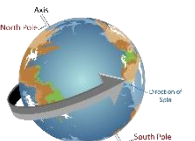
Spins
Electron, Nucleus

Hypothetical bosonic fields

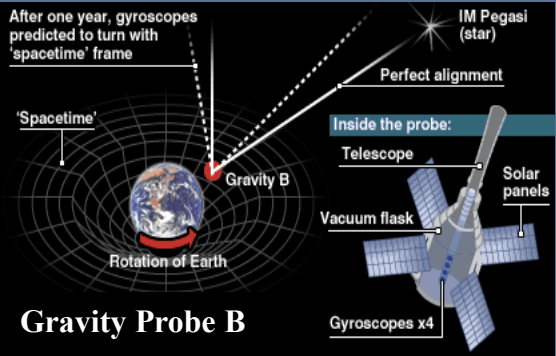
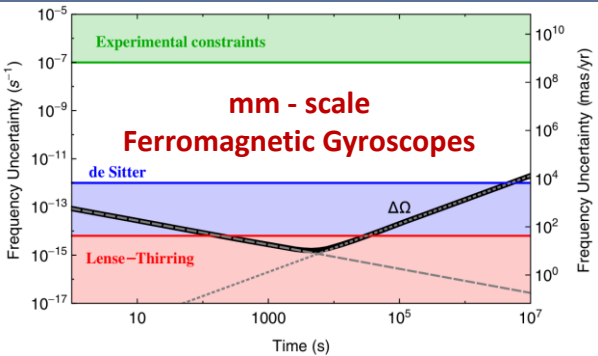
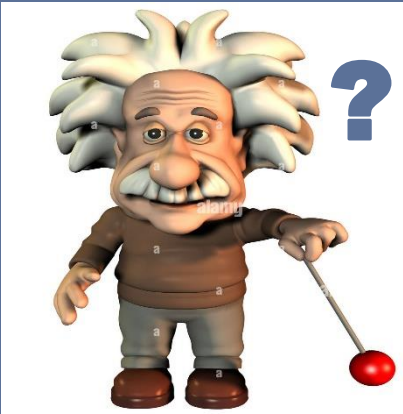


Extension of General Relativity based on Riemann-Cartan Space-Time

Gravitation
Earth, Mass...



Q: What happens to the spin and how to measure it?

Source of Precession	Geodetic Precession	Frame-Dragging Precession	Spin-Gravity Precession	
Basic Formula	$\Omega_{\text{geo}} = \frac{3GMv}{2c^2 R^2}$	$\Omega_{\text{fra}} = \frac{2GI\omega_E}{c^2 R^3}$	$H_{\text{sg}} = \chi_e \vec{S} \cdot \vec{g} + \chi_N \vec{I} \cdot \vec{g}$ ($\chi \cong \hbar/c \sim 10^{-42} \text{ kg m}$)	
	G : Gravitational Constant $6.6743 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 \text{ kg}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-2}$ R : earth radius v : orbit speed M : Earth mass $5.9722 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$ c : light speed I : moment of inertia $\sim 10^{38} \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg}$ ω_E : Earth rotation angular frequency		χ : Coupling coefficient between spin and gravitation field e : electron N : nucleus $\vec{S}$: electron spin $\vec{I}$: nuclear spin $\vec{g}$: gravity acceleration	
Typical Frequency	$\sim 10^{-13} \text{ Hz}$	$\sim 10^{-15} \text{ Hz}$	$\sim 10^{-8} \text{ Hz}$ (estimated value)	
Methods & Results	Classical Angular Mom.	Quantum Angular Mom.	Classical Angular Mom.	Quantum Angular Mom.
	YES	YES	?	YES
				<i>Electron Spin ($\sim 10^{-4} \text{ Hz}$)</i>
	Gravity Probe B			Phys. Rev. D 78, 092006 (2008)
	Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 221101 (2011)	Phys. Rev. D 103, 044056 (2021)		<i>Proton Spin ($\sim 10^{-3} \text{ Hz}$)</i>
				Phys. Rev. D 96, 075004 (2017)
				<i>Neutron Spin ($\sim 10^{-7} \text{ Hz}$)</i>
				Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 201401 (2023)

The basic idea for measuring exotic spin-dependent interactions

$^{39}\text{K} - ^3\text{He}$

Princeton University, USA

PRL **103**, 261801 (2009)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

WCCA, CHINESE
31 DECEMBER 2009

Limits on New Long Range Nuclear Spin-Dependent Forces Set with a $\text{K}-^3\text{He}$ Comagnetometer

G. Vasilakis, J. M. Brown, T. W. Kornack, and M. V. Romalis

Department of Physics, Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey 08544, USA

(Received 1 September 2008; revised manuscript received 23 September 2009; published 29 December 2009)

A magnetometer using spin-polarized K and ^3He atoms occupying the same volume is used to search for anomalous nuclear spin-dependent forces generated by a separate ^3He spin source. We measure changes in the ^3He spin precession frequency with a resolution of 18 pHz and constrain anomalous spin forces between neutrons to be less than 2×10^{-8} of their magnetic or less than 2×10^{-3} of their gravitational interactions on a length scale of 50 cm. We present new limits on neutron coupling to light pseudoscalar and vector particles, including torsion, and constraints on recently proposed models involving unparticles and spontaneous breaking of Lorentz symmetry.

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.103.261801

PACS numbers: 14.80.Mz, 04.80.Cc, 21.30.Cb, 24.80.+y

$^{85}\text{Rb} - ^{87}\text{Rb}$

California State University, USA

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **96**, 075004 (2017)

Constraints on long-range spin-gravity and monopole-dipole couplings of the proton

Derek F. Jackson Kimball,^{*} Jordan Dudley, Yan Li, Dilan Patel, and Julian Valdez

Department of Physics, California State University-East Bay, Hayward, California 94542-3084, USA
(Received 5 July 2017; published 5 October 2017)

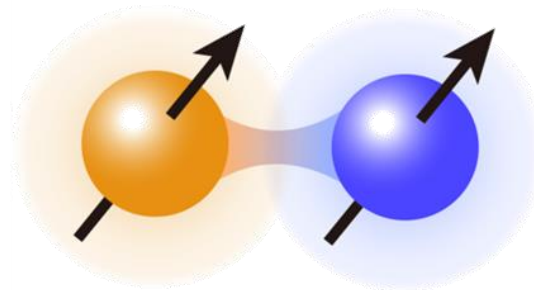
Results of a search for a long-range monopole-dipole coupling between the mass of the Earth and rubidium (Rb) nuclear spins are reported. The experiment simultaneously measures the spin precession frequencies of overlapping ensembles of ^{85}Rb and ^{87}Rb atoms contained within an evacuated, antirelaxation-coated vapor cell. The nuclear structure of the Rb isotopes makes the experiment particularly sensitive to spin-dependent interactions of the proton. The spin-dependent component of the gravitational energy of the proton in the Earth's field is found to be smaller than 3×10^{-18} eV, improving laboratory constraints on long-range monopole-dipole interactions by over 3 orders of magnitude.

Two Spin Species

$$\frac{\Delta\nu_a}{\Delta\nu_b} = \frac{\gamma_a \mathbf{B} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_a}{\gamma_b \mathbf{B} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_b}$$



Reduce Common-Mode Magnetic-Field Noise



$^{199}\text{Hg} - \text{Neutron}$

PSI, Switzerland

PHYSICAL REVIEW X **7**, 041034 (2017)

Search for Axionlike Dark Matter through Nuclear Spin Precession in Electric and Magnetic Fields

C. Abel,¹ N. J. Ayres,^{1,*} G. Ban,² G. Bison,³ K. Bodek,⁴ V. Bondar,⁵ M. Daum,³ M. Fairbairn,⁶ V. V. Flambaum,⁷ P. Geltenbort,⁸ K. Green,⁹ W. C. Griffith,¹ M. van der Grinten,⁹ Z. D. Grujić,¹⁰ P. G. Harris,¹ N. Hild,³ P. Iaydjiev,^{9,13} S. N. Ivanov,^{9,8} M. Kasprzak,⁵ Y. Kermaidic,¹¹ K. Kirch,^{12,3} H.-C. Koch,³ S. Komposch,^{3,12} P. A. Koss,⁵ A. Kozela,¹³ J. Krempel,¹² B. Lauss,³ T. Lefort,² Y. Lemièrre,² D. J. E. Marsh,⁶ P. Mohanmurthy,^{3,12} A. Mtchedlishvili,³ M. Musgrave,^{1,5} F. M. Piegsa,¹⁴ G. Pignol,¹¹ M. Rawlik,^{12,1} D. Rebreyend,¹¹ D. Ries,^{14,3,12} S. Roccia,¹⁵ D. Rozpedzik,⁴ P. Schmidt-Wellenburg,³ N. Severijns,⁵ D. Shiers,¹ Y. V. Stadnik,⁷ A. Weis,¹⁰ E. Wursten,⁵ J. Zejma,⁴ and G. Zsigmond³

¹Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Falmer,

Brighton BN1 9QH, United Kingdom

²Normandie Univ, ENSICAEN, UNICAEN, CNRS/IN2P3, LPC Caen, 14000 Caen, France

³Paul Scherrer Institute, CH-5232 Villigen PSI, Switzerland

⁴Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University in Kraków, 30-348 Kraków, Poland

⁵Instituut voor Kern- en Stralingsfysica, Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, B-3001 Leuven, Belgium

⁶King's College London Department of Physics, London, WC2R 2LS, United Kingdom

$^{129}\text{Xe} - ^{131}\text{Xe}$

University of Science and Technology

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **130**, 201401 (2023)

Editors' Suggestion

Featured in Physics

Search for Spin-Dependent Gravitational Interactions at Earth Range

S.-B. Zhang,¹ Z.-L. Ba,¹ D.-H. Ning,¹ N.-F. Zhai,² Z.-T. Lu,^{1,3,*} and D. Sheng^{2,3,†}

¹CAS Center for Excellence in Quantum Information and Quantum Physics, School of Physical Sciences, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei 230026, China

²Department of Precision Machinery and Precision Instrumentation,

Key Laboratory of Precision Scientific Instrumentation of Anhui Higher Education Institutes, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei 230027, China

³Hefei National Laboratory, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei 230088, China

(Received 23 January 2023; revised 6 March 2023; accepted 15 March 2023; published 15 May 2023)

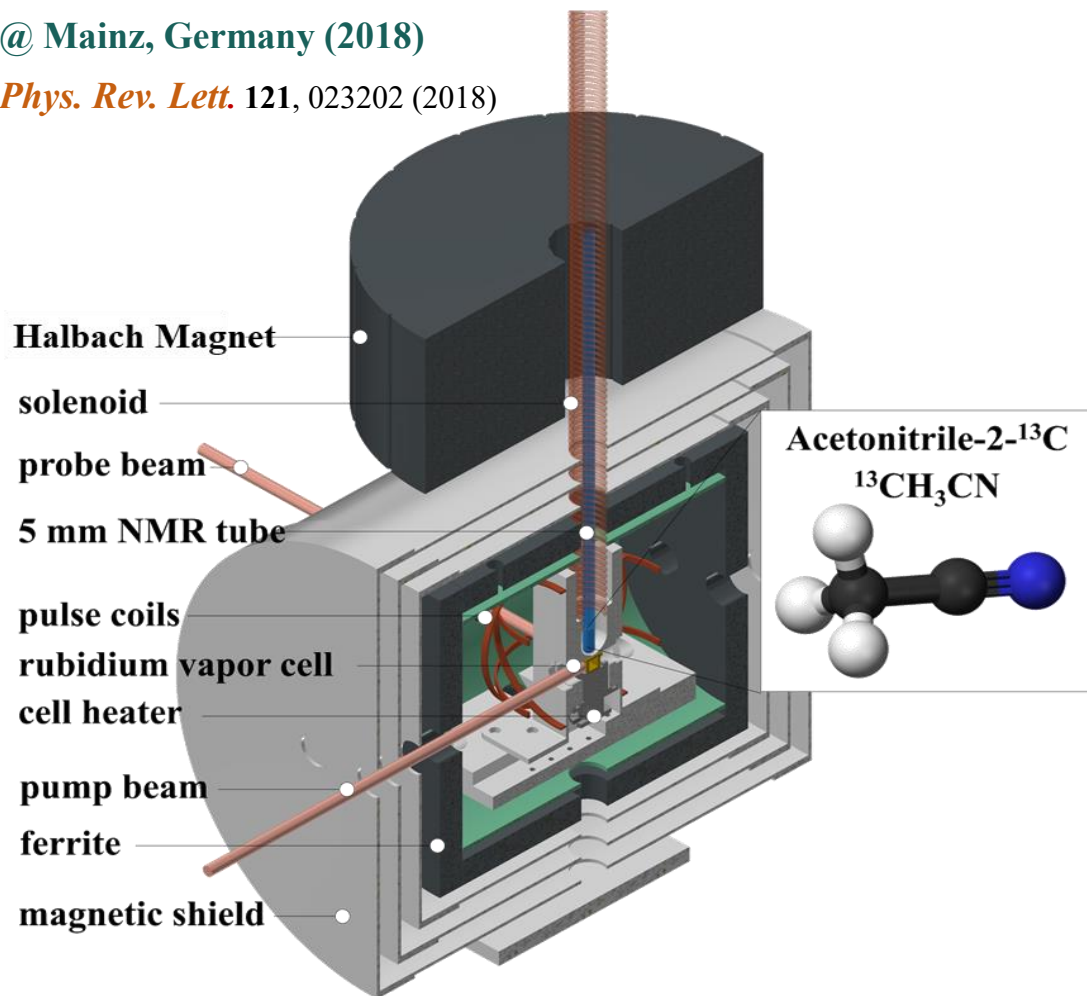
Among the four fundamental forces, only gravity does not couple to particle spins according to the general theory of relativity. We test this principle by searching for an anomalous scalar coupling between the neutron spin and the Earth's gravity on the ground. We develop an atomic gas comagnetometer to

Comagnetometer with **Single-Species Molecule**: ZULF NMR

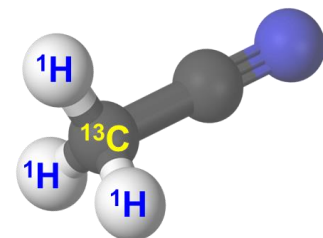
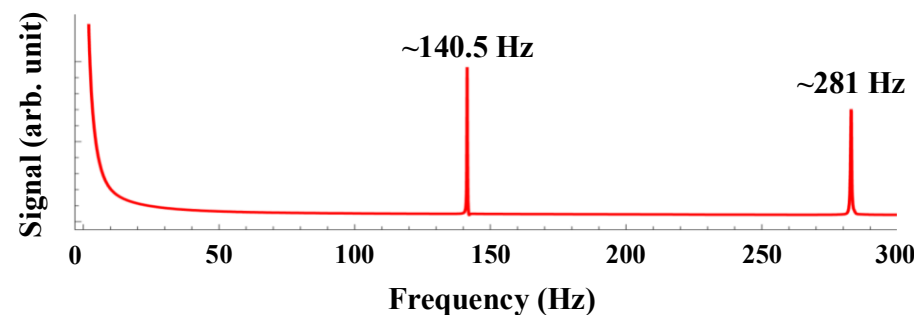
ZULF NMR: Zero- to ULtralow-Field Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

@ Mainz, Germany (2018)

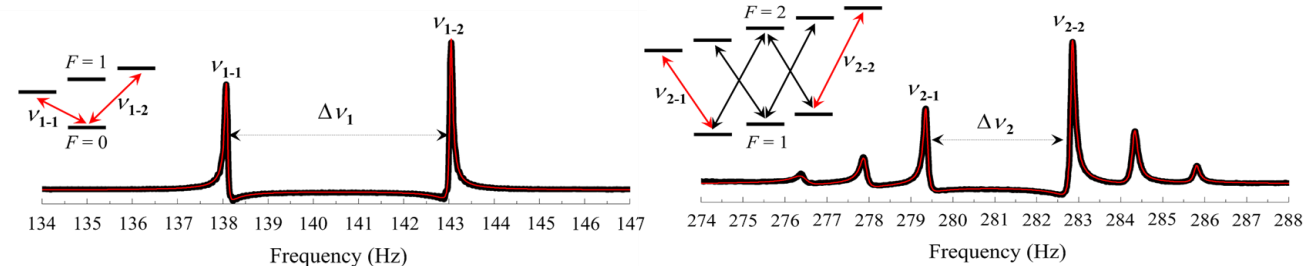
Phys. Rev. Lett. 121, 023202 (2018)



Acetonitrile-2-¹³C: no magnetic field



Acetonitrile-2-¹³C: with magnetic field



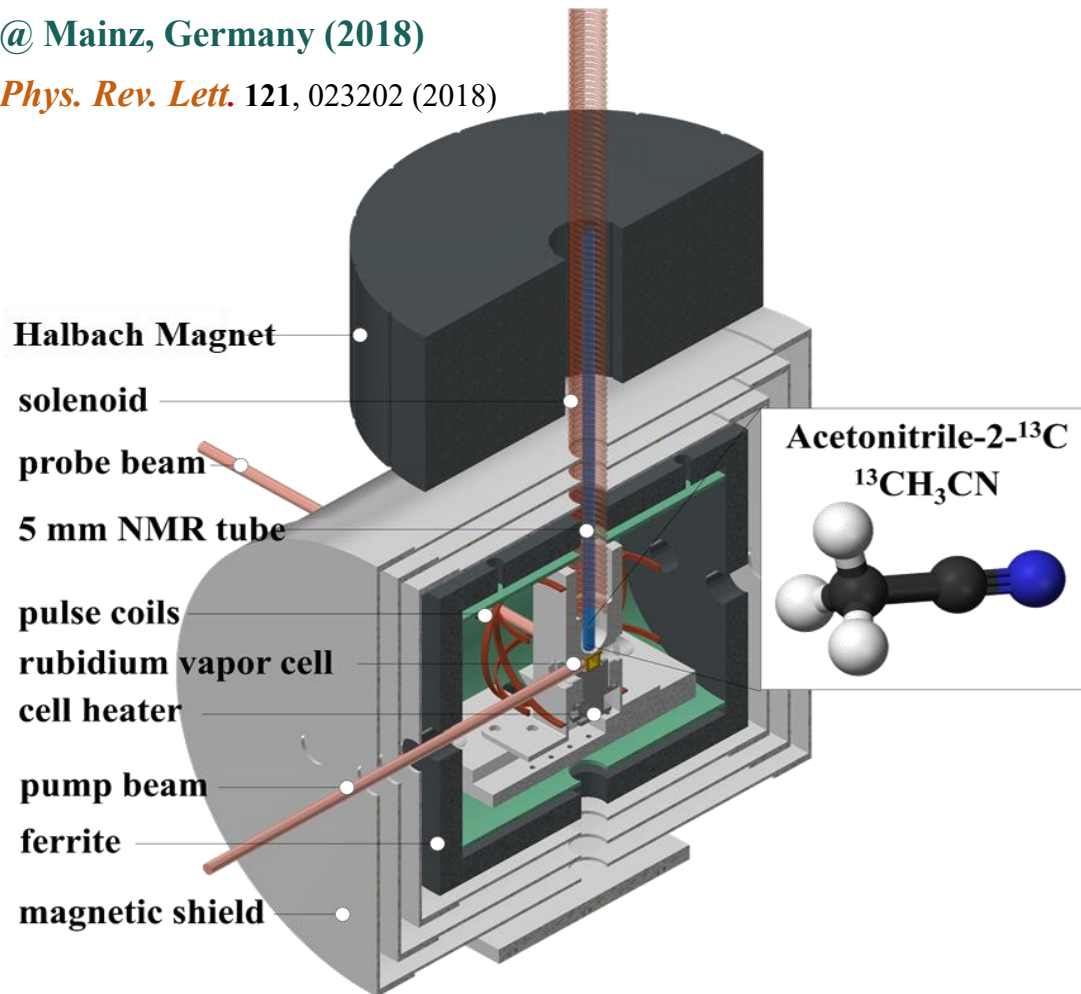
Measurement Type	Single Shot (Thermal)	Day Average (Thermal)	Single Shot (Hyper Polarization)	Day Average (Hyper Polarization)
Frequency Resolution (Hz)	10^{-4}	10^{-6}	10^{-7}	10^{-9}

Comagnetometer with **Single-Species Molecule**: ZULF NMR

ZULF NMR: Zero- to ULtralow-Field Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

@ Mainz, Germany (2018)

Phys. Rev. Lett. 121, 023202 (2018)

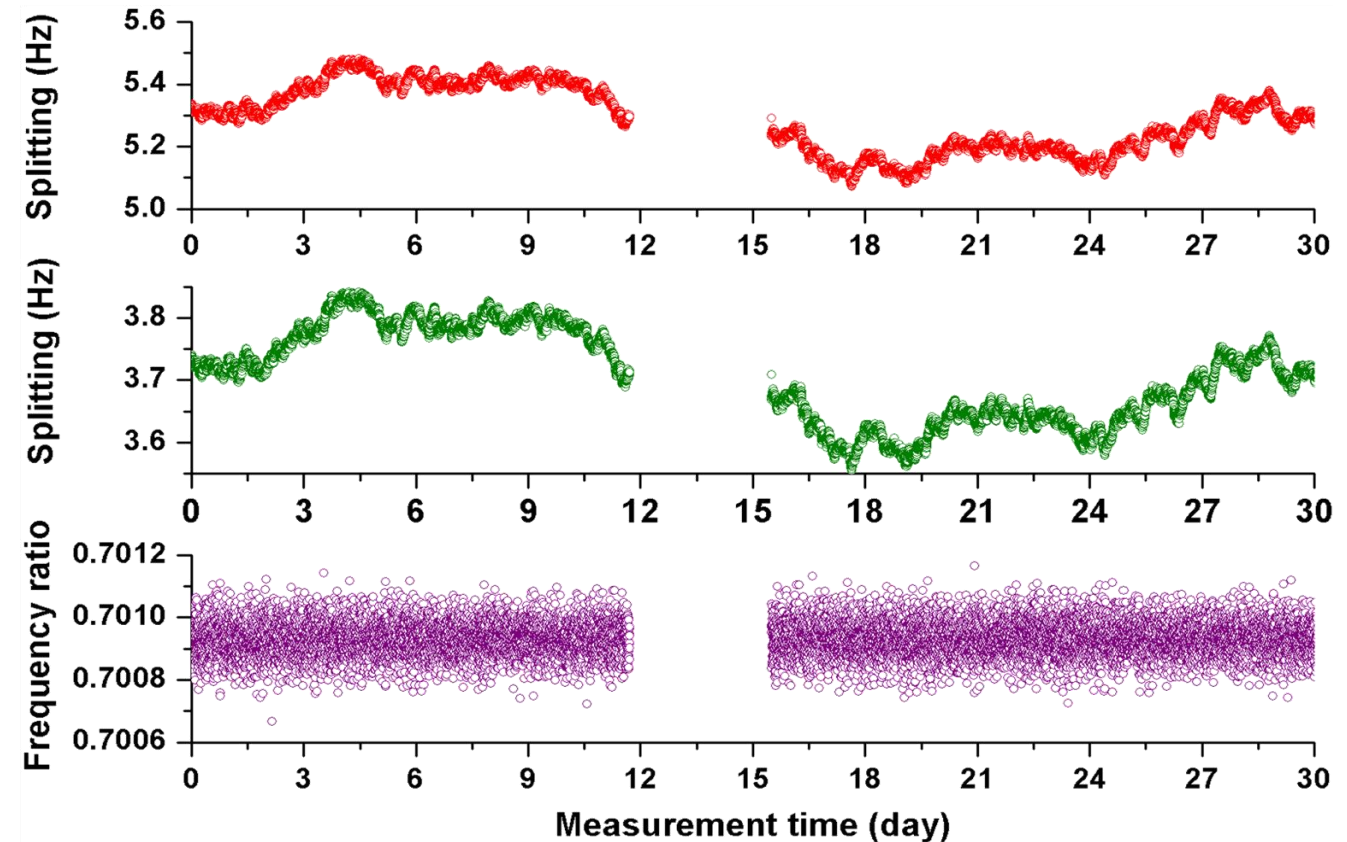


Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 191302 (2019)

Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 16 (2019)

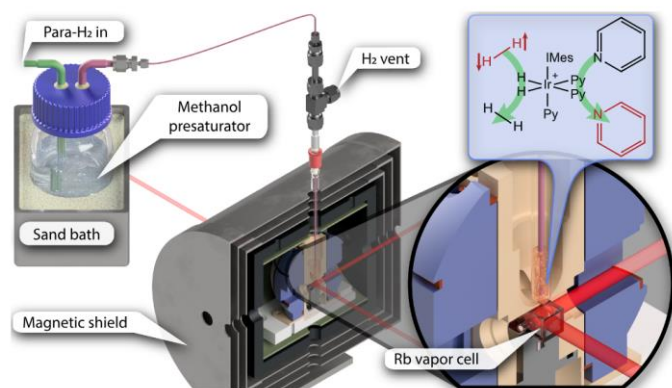


**Cosmic Axion induced
Spin Precession Experiment**

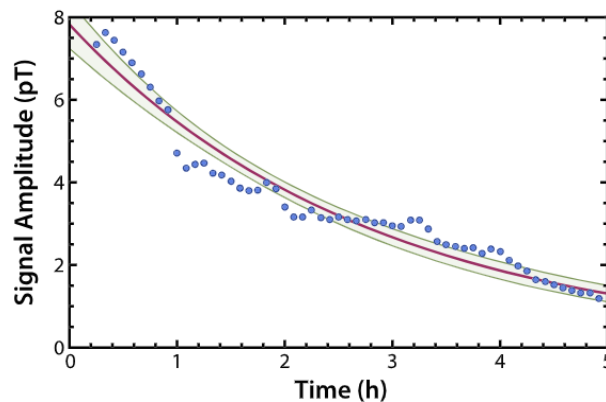


ParaHydrogen Induced Polarization (PHIP) + ZULF NMR

Long-Lasting Detection of SABRE-Derived Nuclear Magnetization

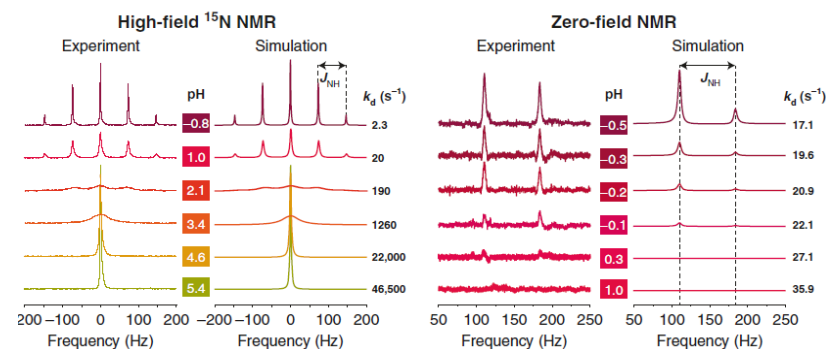


Magn Reson Chem. 59, 1208 (2021)



Observation of Chemical Exchange on ZULF NMR

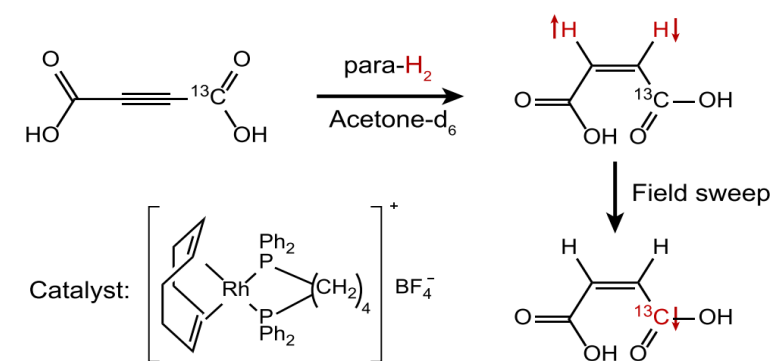
Nature Communications 10, 3002 (2019)



Dr. Danila Barskiy

Polarization transfer via field sweeping on ZULF NMR

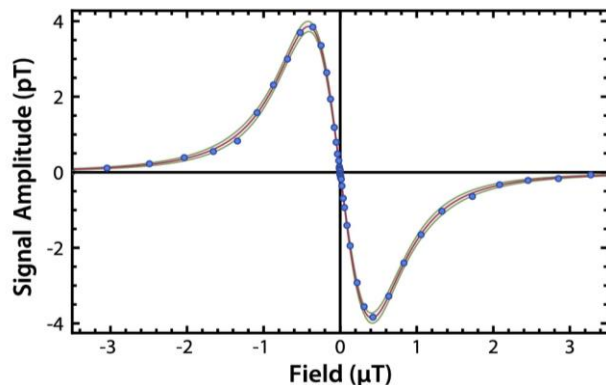
J. Chem. Phys. 150, 174202 (2019)



Dr. John Blanchard



Dr. Barbara Ripka



Dr. James Eills

2015

Married
PhD degree
Baby

PhD candidate, 3-months' visit, Nitrogen Vacancy Centers in Diamond



Dr. Nathan Leefer



Dr. Lykourgos Bougas



Dr. Arne Wickenbrock



Georgios Chatzidrosos



Prof. Dr. Yannick Dumeige

2016

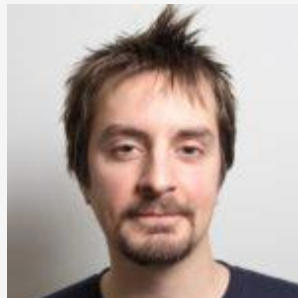
Postdoc, 3 years, Zero- to Ultralow-Field Nuclear Magnetic Resonance, CASPER



Dr. John Blanchard



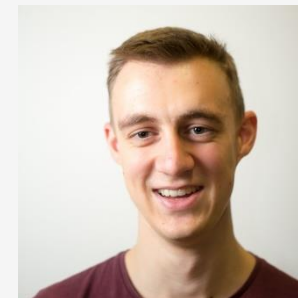
Dr. Min Jiang/Billion



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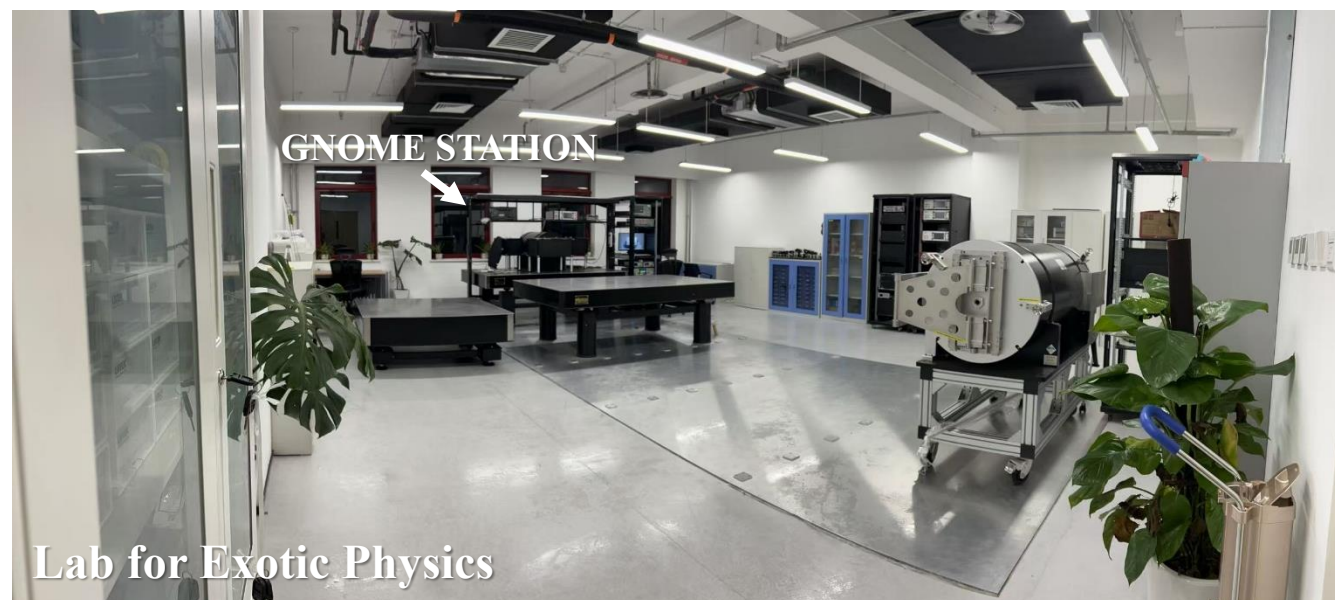
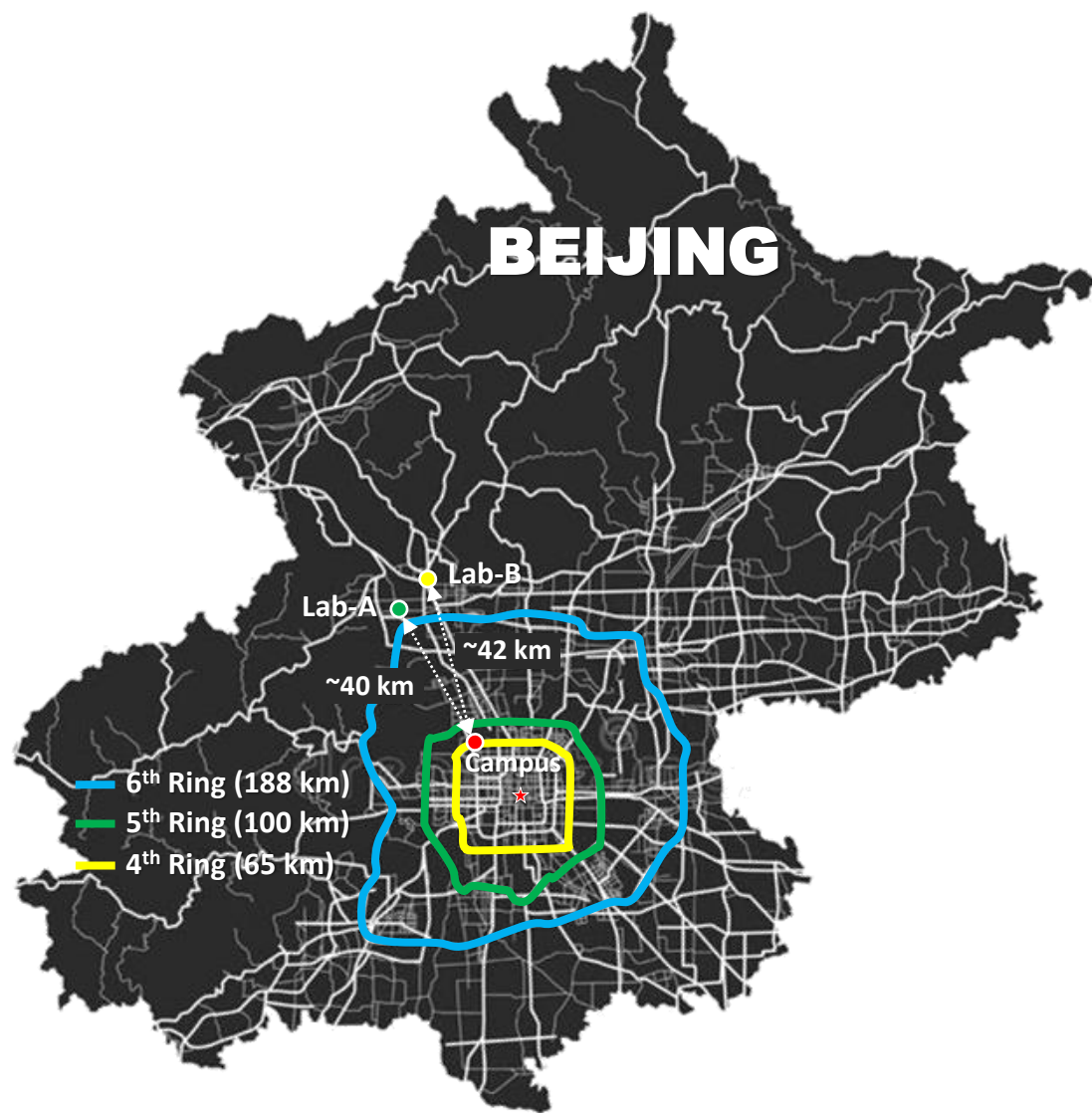
Dr. Kirill Sheberstov

CASPER Group: Arne, Nate, Gary, Hector, Marina, Martin, Prof. Derek J. Kimball, Yevgeny...

2019

Assistant Professor, Peking University, Atomic magnetometry in Fundamental Physics & Biomagnetism

Lab-A for Exotic Physics @ PKU

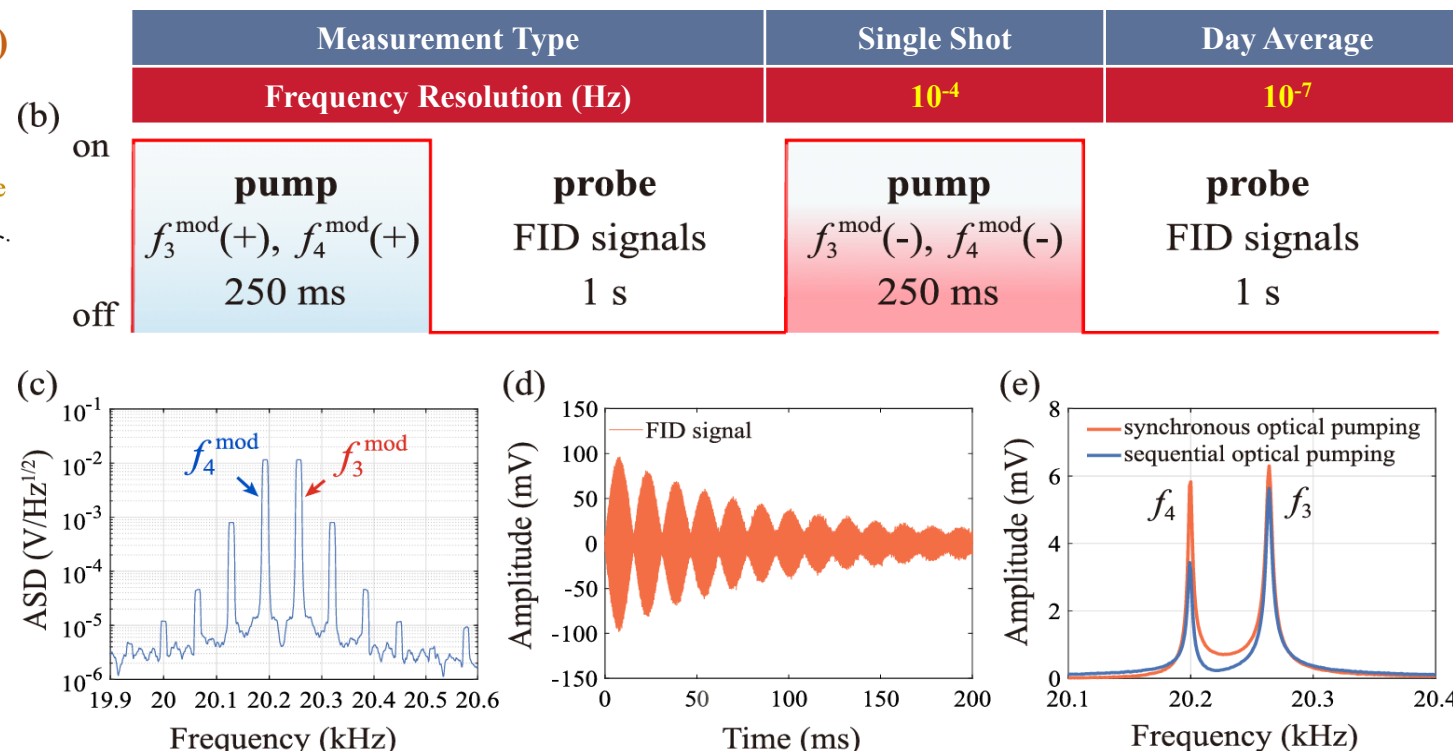
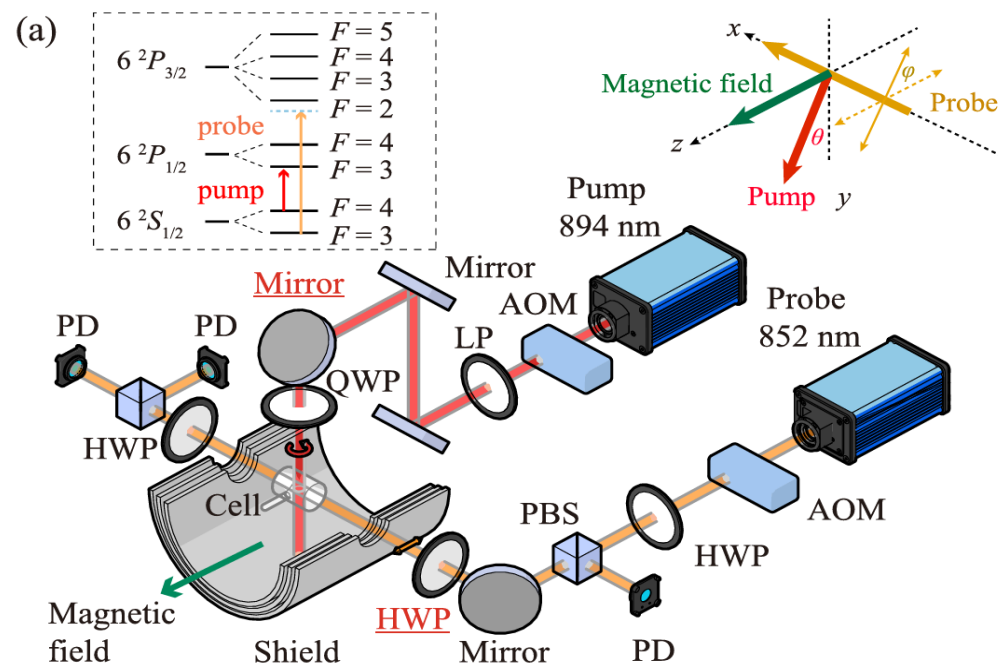


Comagnetometer with **Single-Species Atom**: Cesium

Two Ground States of Alkali-Metal Atom Precess at Different Frequencies under Magnetic Field

		Potassium 39	Rubidium 85	Rubidium 87	Cesium 133
Gyromagnetic Ratio (Hz/nT)	$F = I + 1/2$	+ 7.0053	+ 4.6674	+ 6.9958	+ 3.4986
	$F = I - 1/2$	- 7.0075	- 4.6756	- 7.0237	- 3.5098

See: *Phys. Rev. A* **110**, 063122 (2024) *Phys. Rev. D* (Accepted)



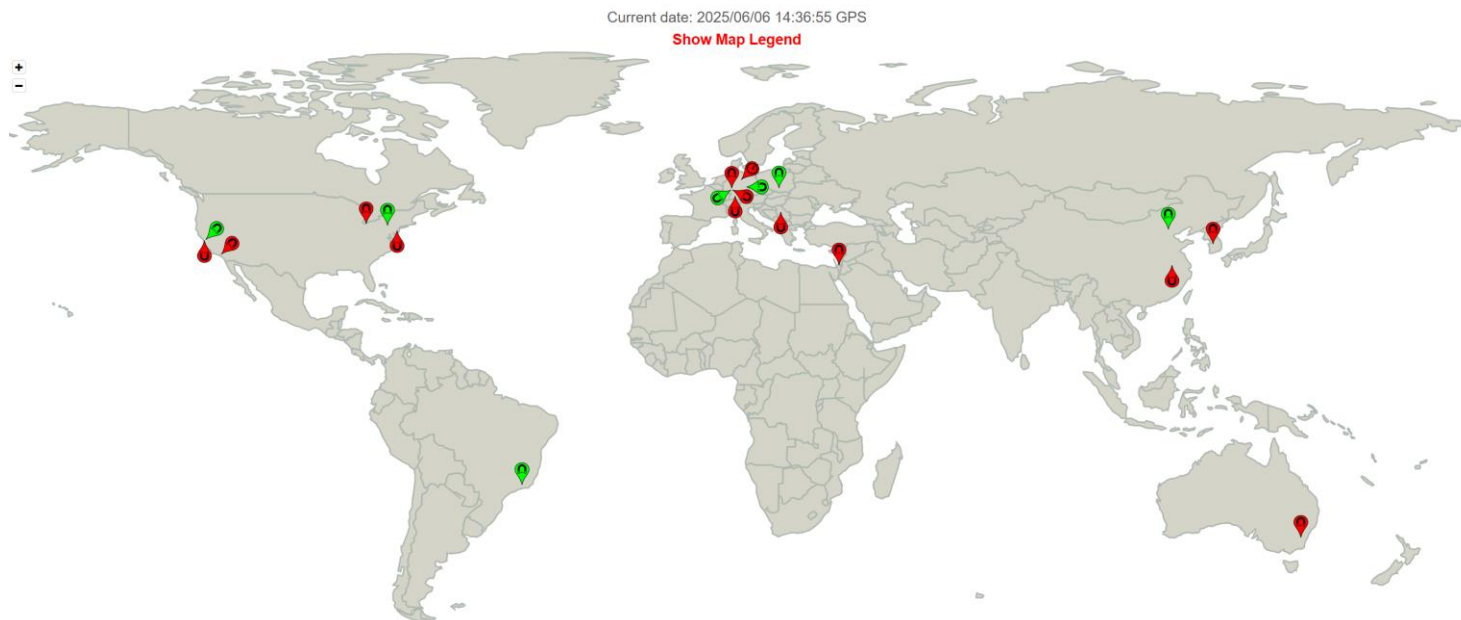
Comagnetometer with **Single-Species Atom**: Cesium

Two Ground States of Alkali-Metal Atom Precess at Different Frequencies under Magnetic Field

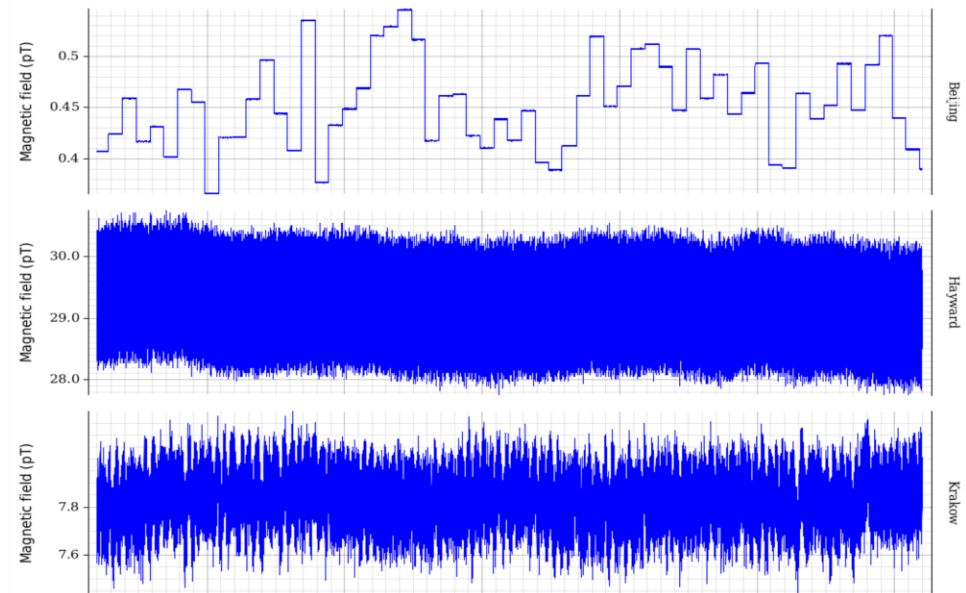
		Potassium 39	Rubidium 85	Rubidium 87	Cesium 133
Gyromagnetic Ratio (Hz/nT)	$F = I + 1/2$	+ 7.0053	+ 4.6674	+ 6.9958	+ 3.4986
	$F = I - 1/2$	- 7.0075	- 4.6756	- 7.0237	- 3.5098

See: *Nature Physics* 17, 1396 (2021)

Advanced GNOME (With Comagnetometers)



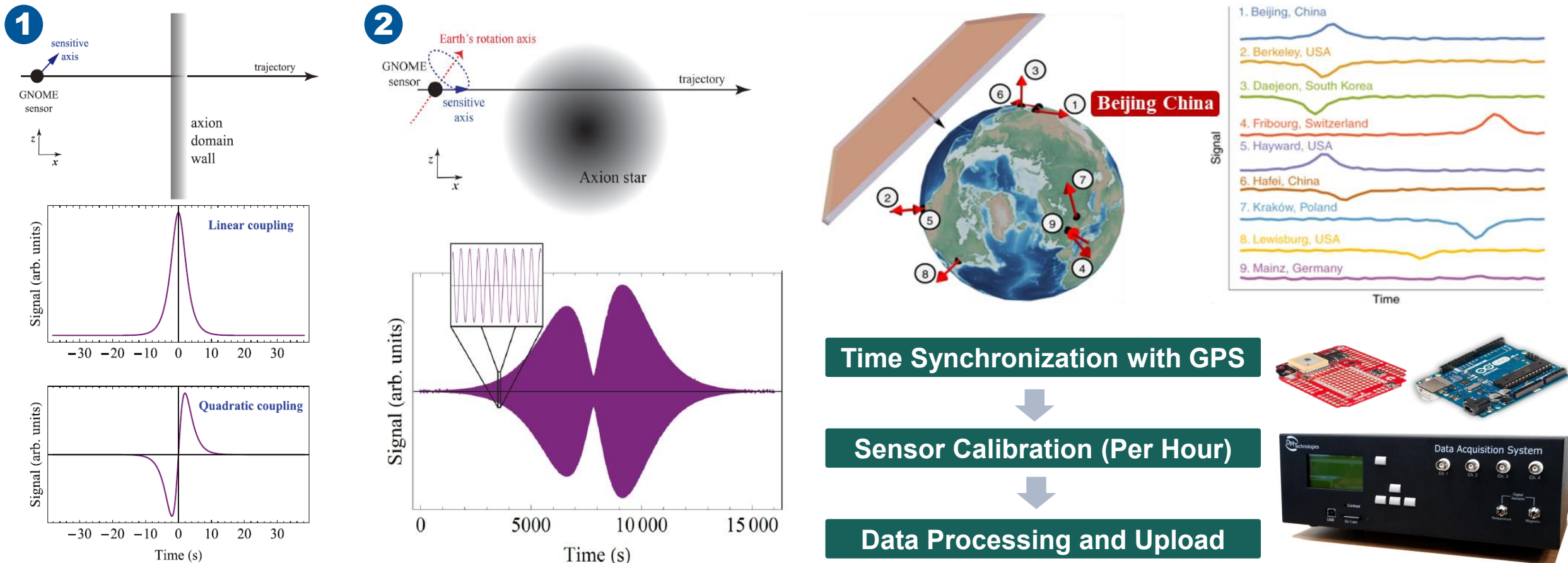
Single-Species Comagnetometer (PKU Station)



GNOME (magnetometer) & aGNOME (comagnetometer)

GNOME: Global Network of Optical Magnetometer for Exotic Physics

Searches for Axion Domain Wall (Topological Defect) or Axion Stars *See: Nature Physics* 17, 1396 (2021)



Time Synchronization & Calibration @ GNOME

Magnetometer Signal (Optimized)

(100 fT/Hz^{1/2}, BW 200 Hz)

Disturbance & Fault Monitoring

Sensor Laser Cell Temperature

Environment Vibration Magnetic Acceleration

GPS Signal (Time Stamp)

Data Acquisition System

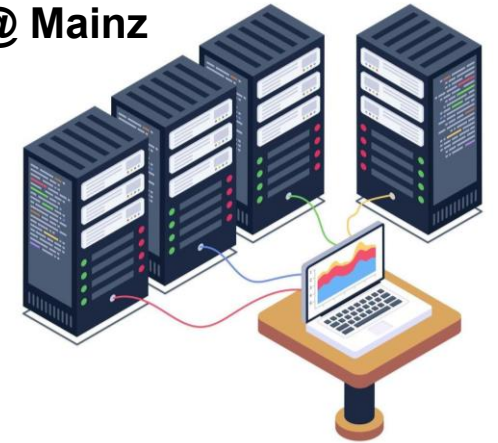


CH1: Magnetometer

CH2: Disturbance & Fault

Data Upload & Saving

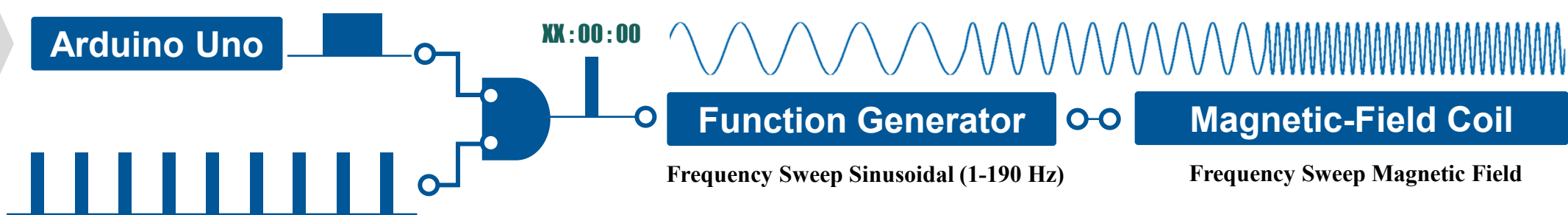
@ Mainz



GPS Signal

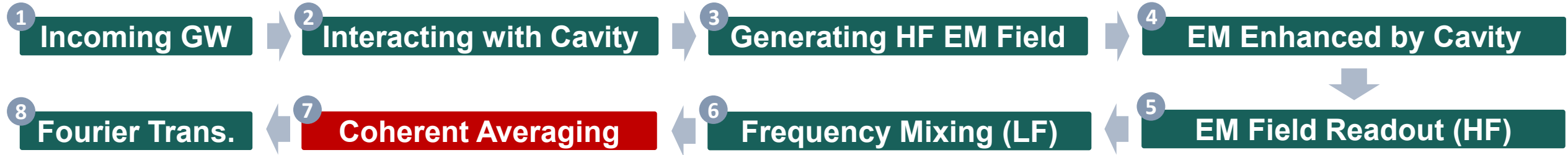
Arduino Uno

GPS Pulse



Some Thoughts of GravNet (Transient Signal)

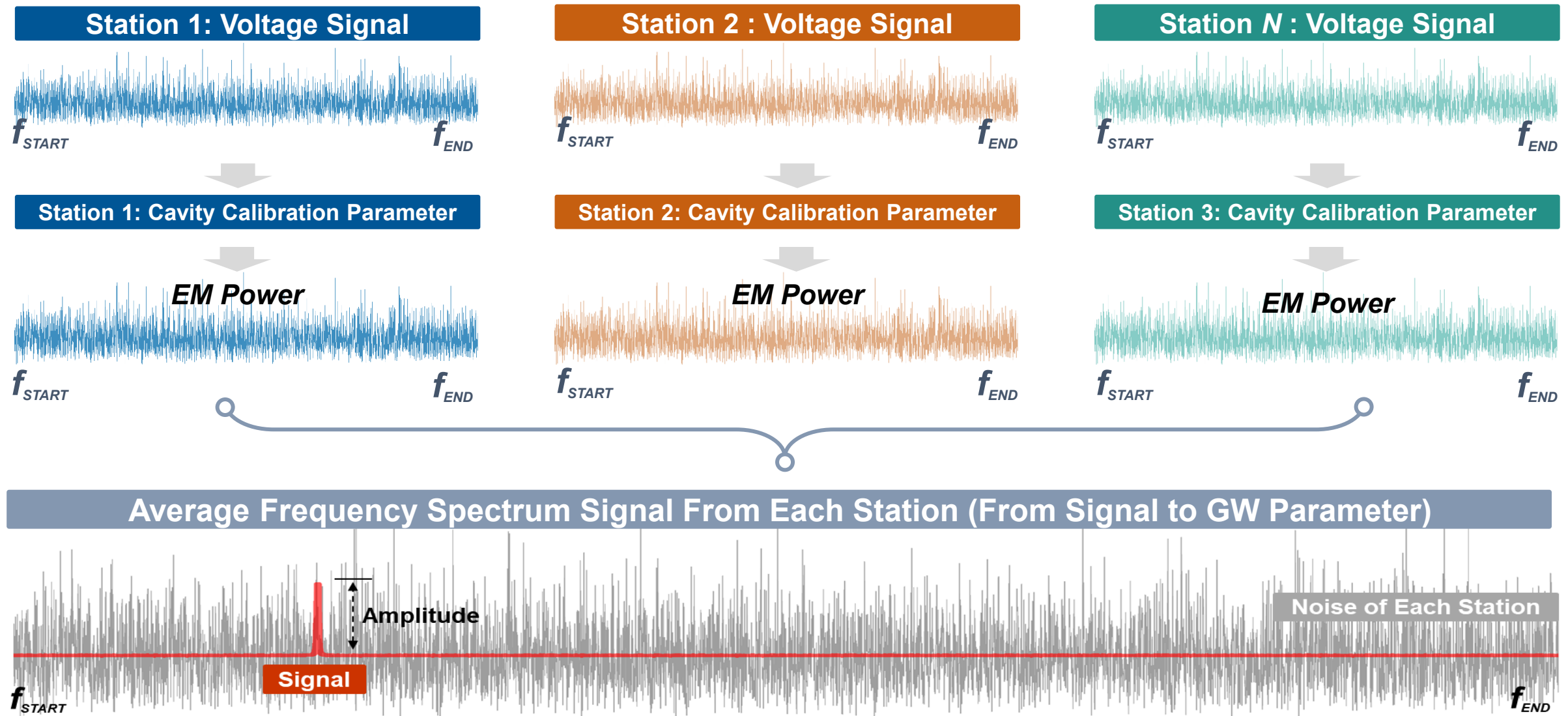
Detection of High Frequency Gravitational Wave Signals



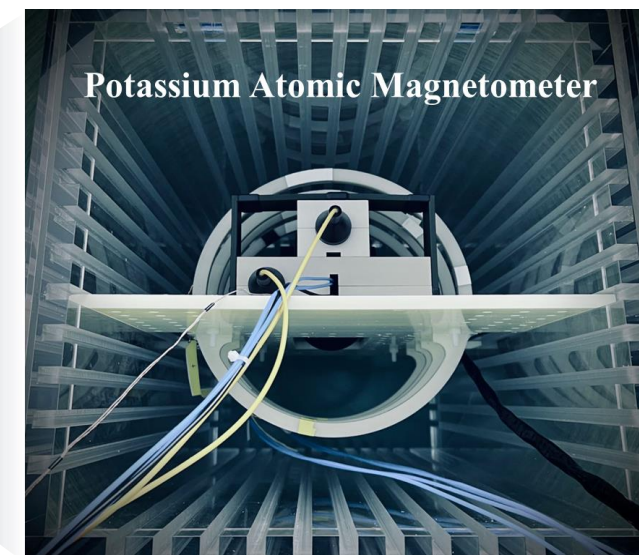
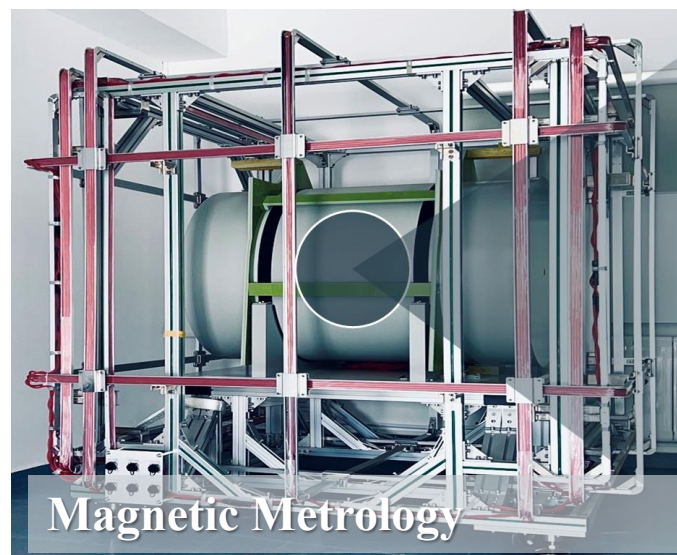
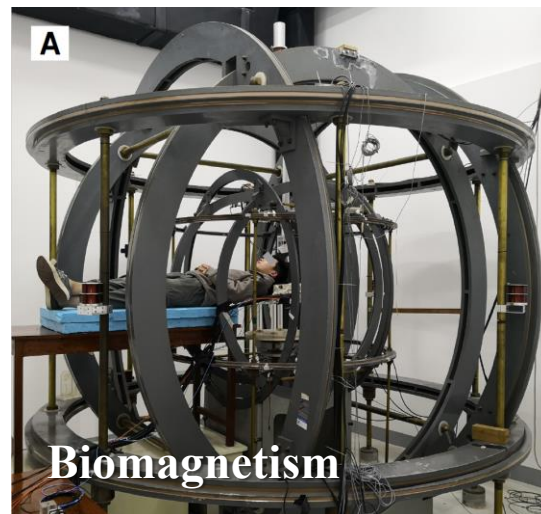
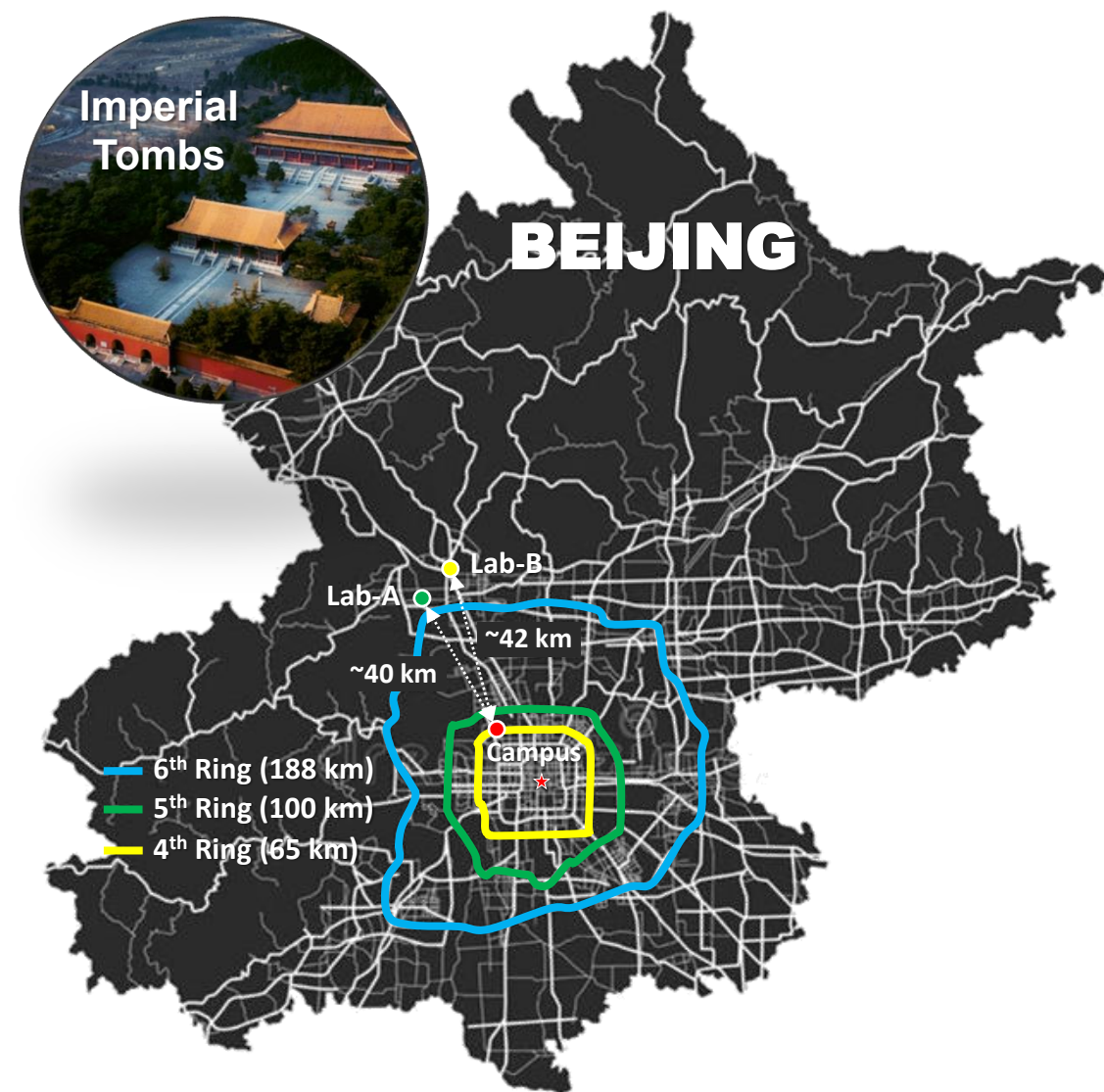
Suppose we could not observe the signal from single shot and have no idea where the frequency is

Calibration 1:	The Starting Frequency of the Spectrum for Each Station	For Averaging
Calibration 2:	Relationship between Input MW Signal with Output Signal	For Conversion
Calibration 3:	Q Factor, Bias Magnetic Field Amplitude of Each Station	For Conversion
Calibration 4:	Inject MW Field for each station and perform spectrum averaging	For Network

Some Thoughts of GravNet (Transient Signal)

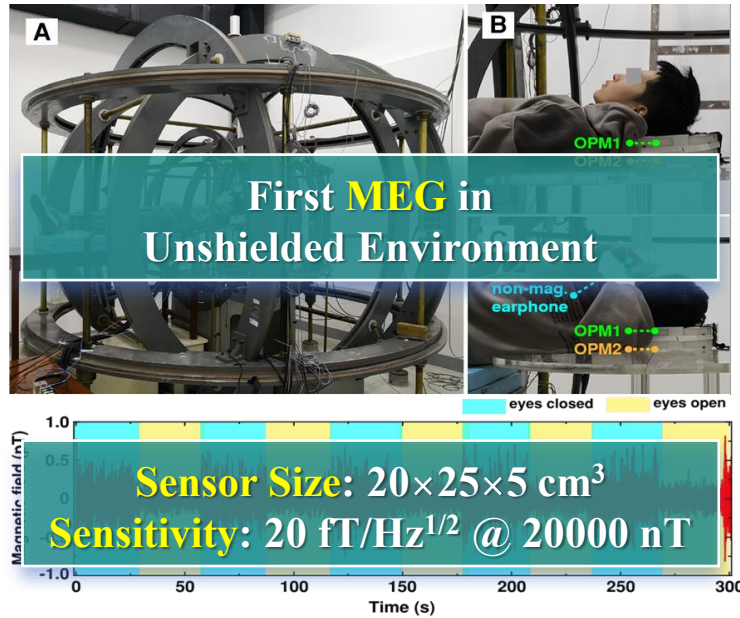


Lab-B for Biomagnetism & Metrology @ PKU



Atomic Magnetometry for Biomagnetism (*Brain, Heart,...*)

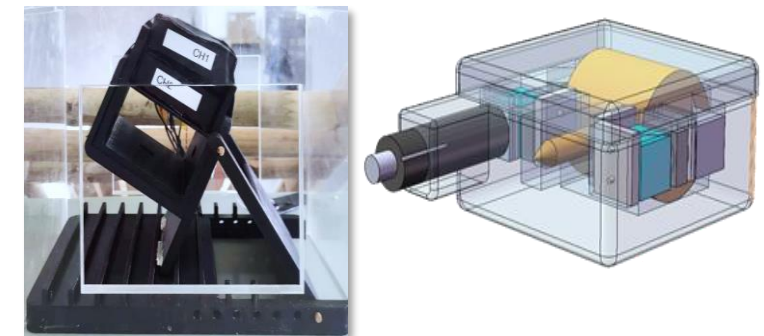
Science Advances 6, eaba8792 (2020)



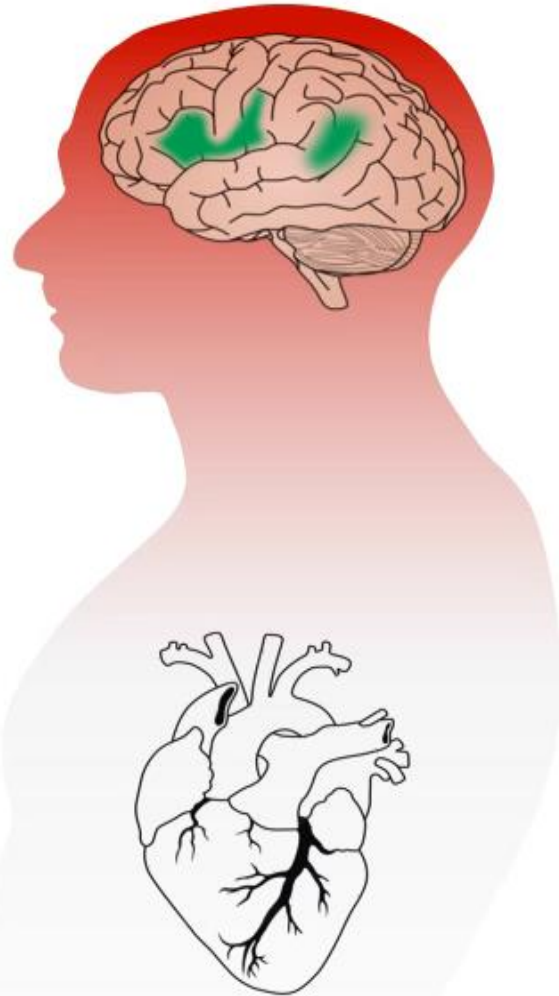
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Science Advances (in preparation)



Atomic Magnetometry for Biomagnetism (*Brain, Heart,...*)



Heart - Brain Axis - **Fundamental** Research

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| RESEARCH ARTICLE | NEUROSCIENCE

f X in

Blood pressure pulsations modulate central neuronal activity via mechanosensitive ion channels

[LUNA JAMMAL SALAMEH](#) , [SEBASTIAN H. BITZENHOEFER](#) , [ILEANA L. HANGANU-OPATZ](#) , [MATHIAS DUTSCHMANN](#), AND [VERONICA EGGER](#) [Authors Info & Contributions](#)

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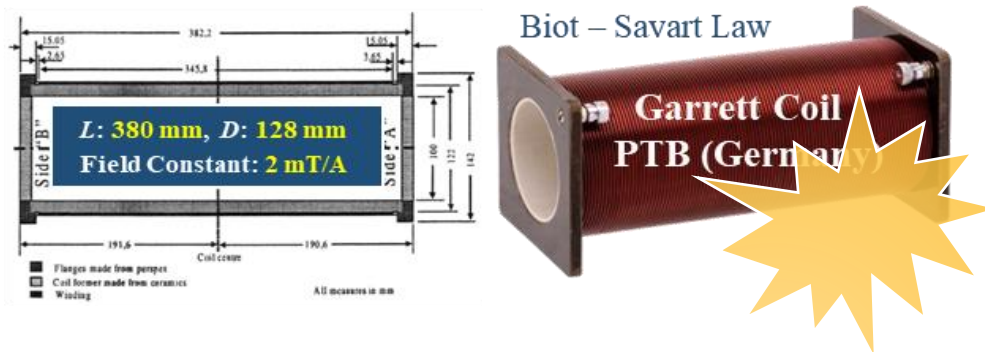
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Fetal MRI of the heart and brain in congenital heart disease

Atomic Magnetometry for Magnetic Field Metrology

Q: To what degree can we say that the magnetometer measurement result is *accurate*?

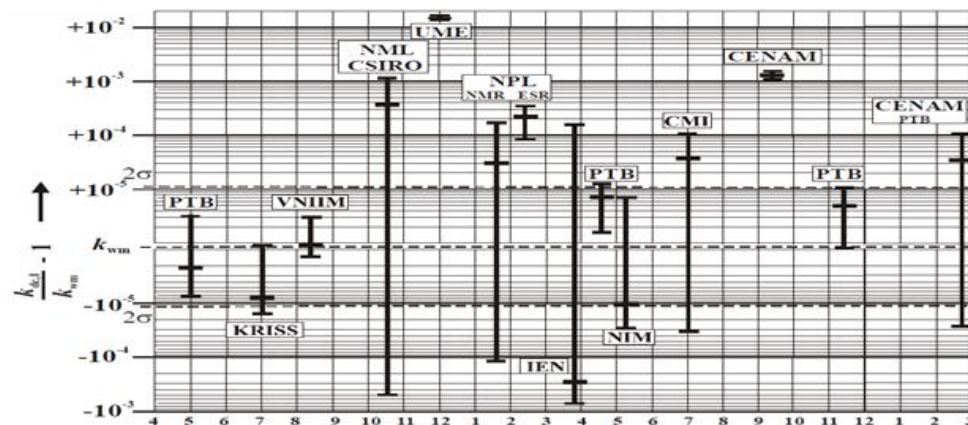
1 Standard Magnetic-Field Coil



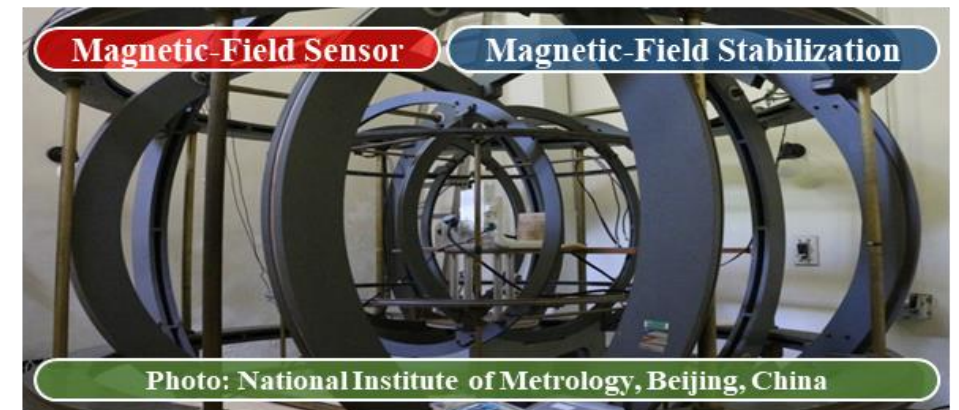
2 Standard Coil Distribution

Korea	Russia	Australia	Turkey	China
KRIS	VNIM	CRISO	UME	NIM
UK	Italy	Germany	Mexico	USA
NPL	IEN	PTB	CENAM	NIST

4 International Comparison-Phys. Const.



3 Magnetic-Field Standard Transfer

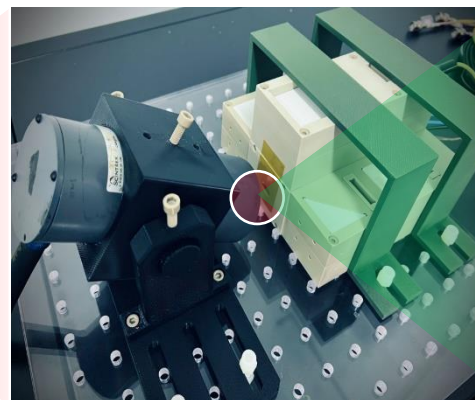
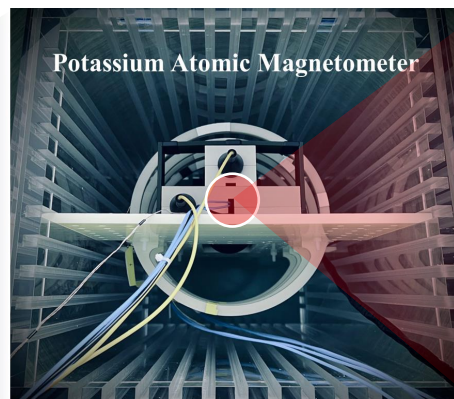
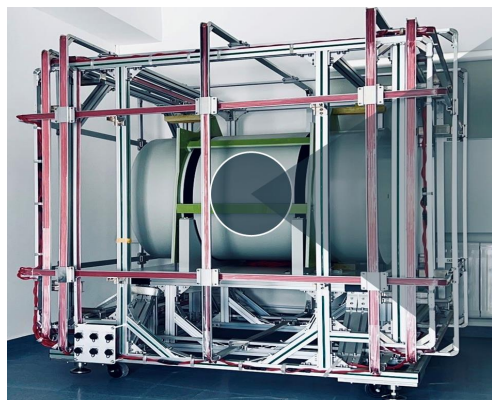


Atomic Magnetometry for Magnetic Field Metrology

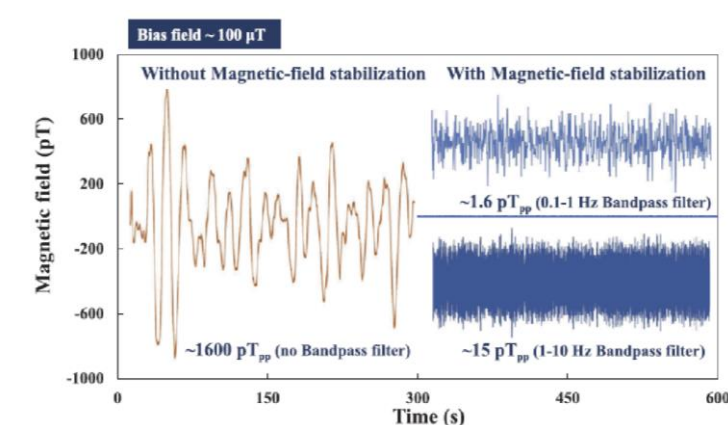
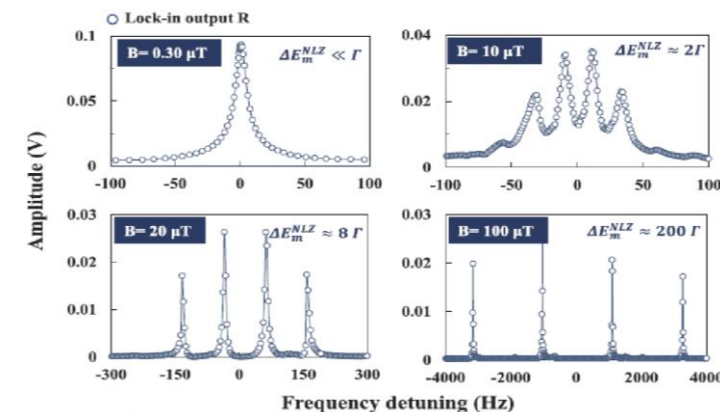
A Prototype Magnetic Field Stabilization System @ PKU

$\pm 10^5$ nT Generated Magnetic Field | 1 pT Peak-To-Peak Noise Level | Passive + Active Magnetic Shielding | ^3He Magnetometer for Calibration

Magnetic Field Generation and Stabilization



^3He High Accuracy Magnetometer

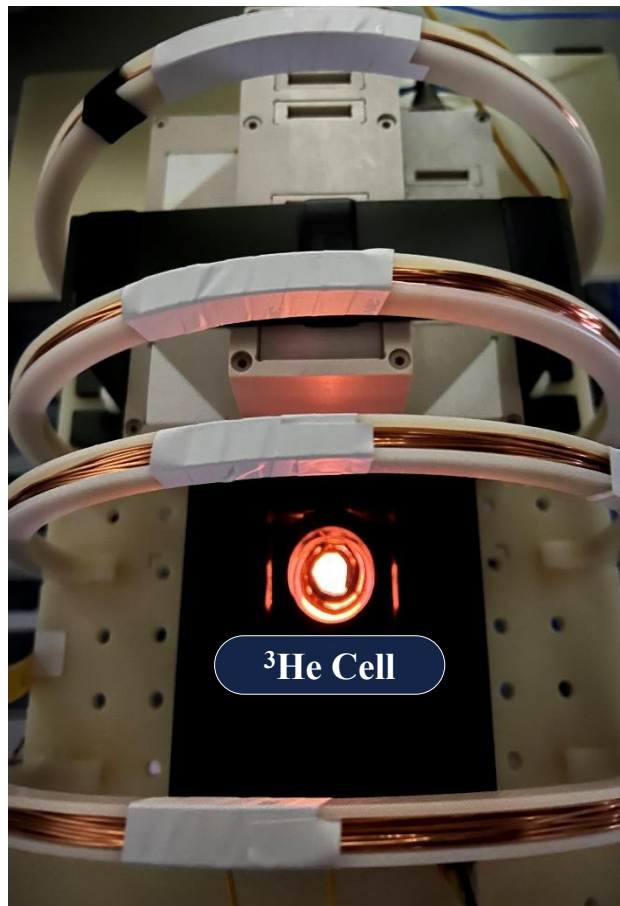
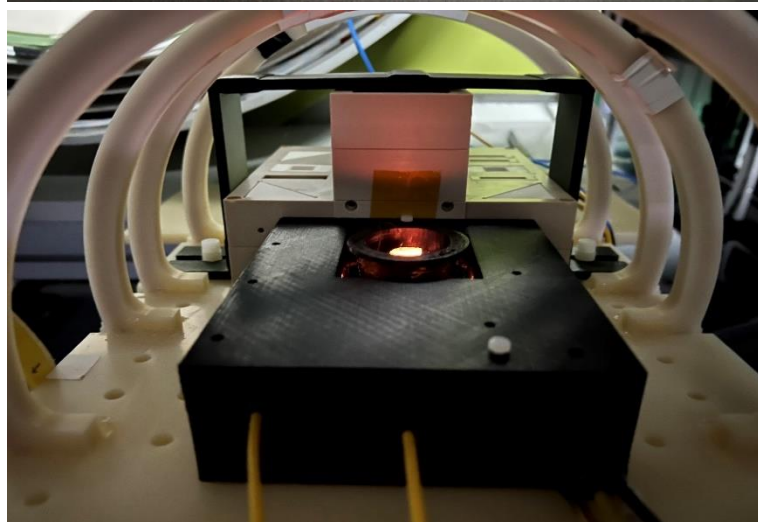
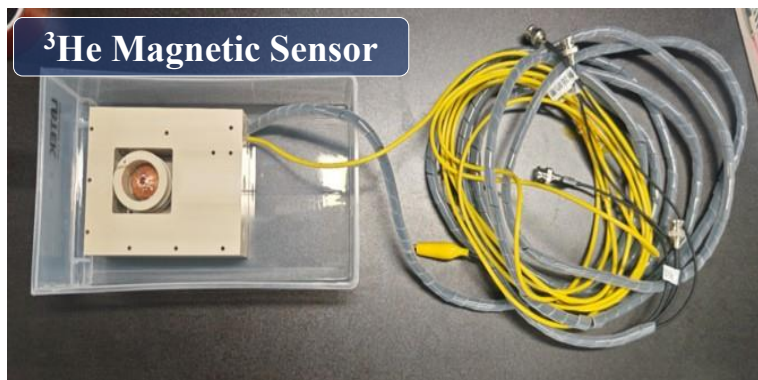


Atomic Magnetometry for Magnetic Field Metrology

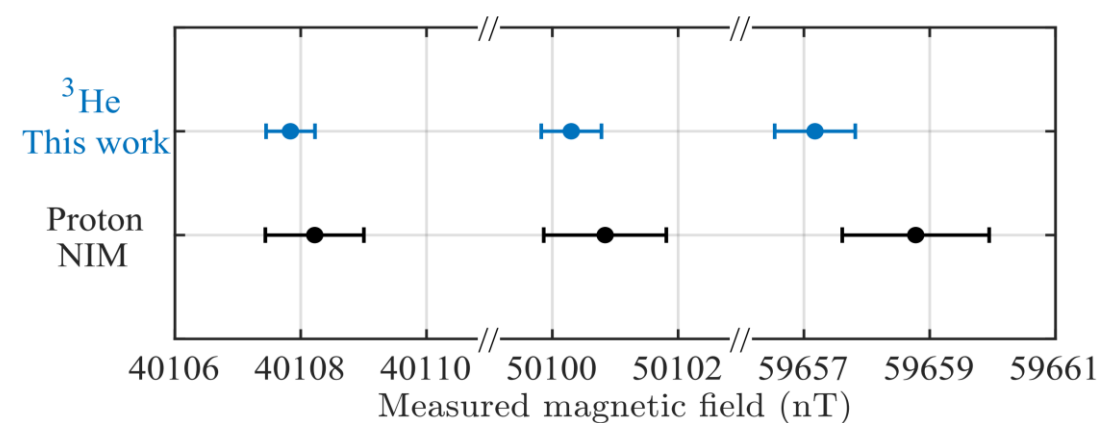
A Prototype Magnetic Field Stabilization System @ PKU

$\pm 10^5$ nT Generated Magnetic Field | 1 pT Peak-To-Peak Noise Level | Passive + Active Magnetic Shielding | ^3He Magnetometer for Calibration

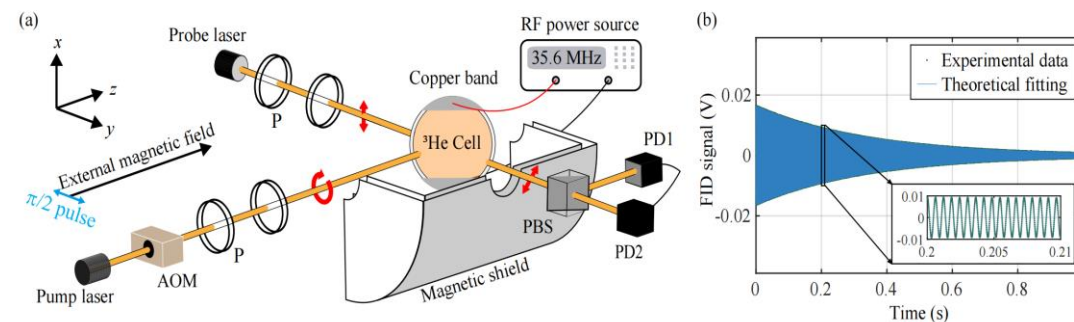
Magnetic Field Generation and Stabilization



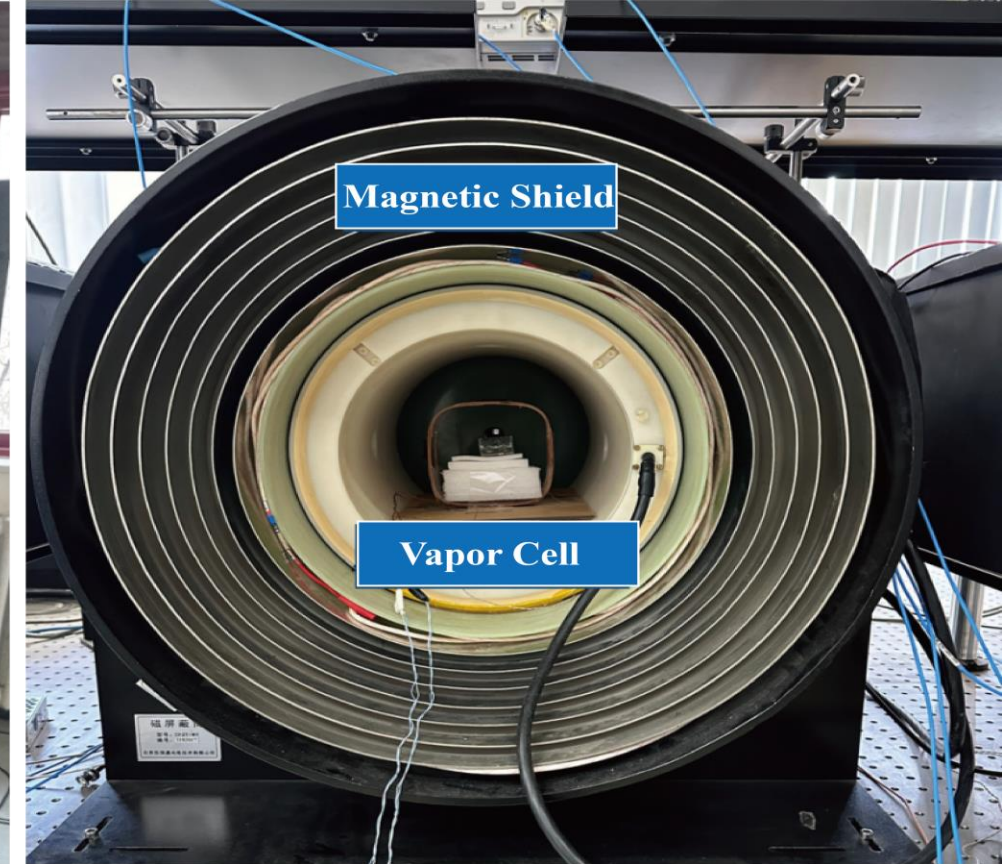
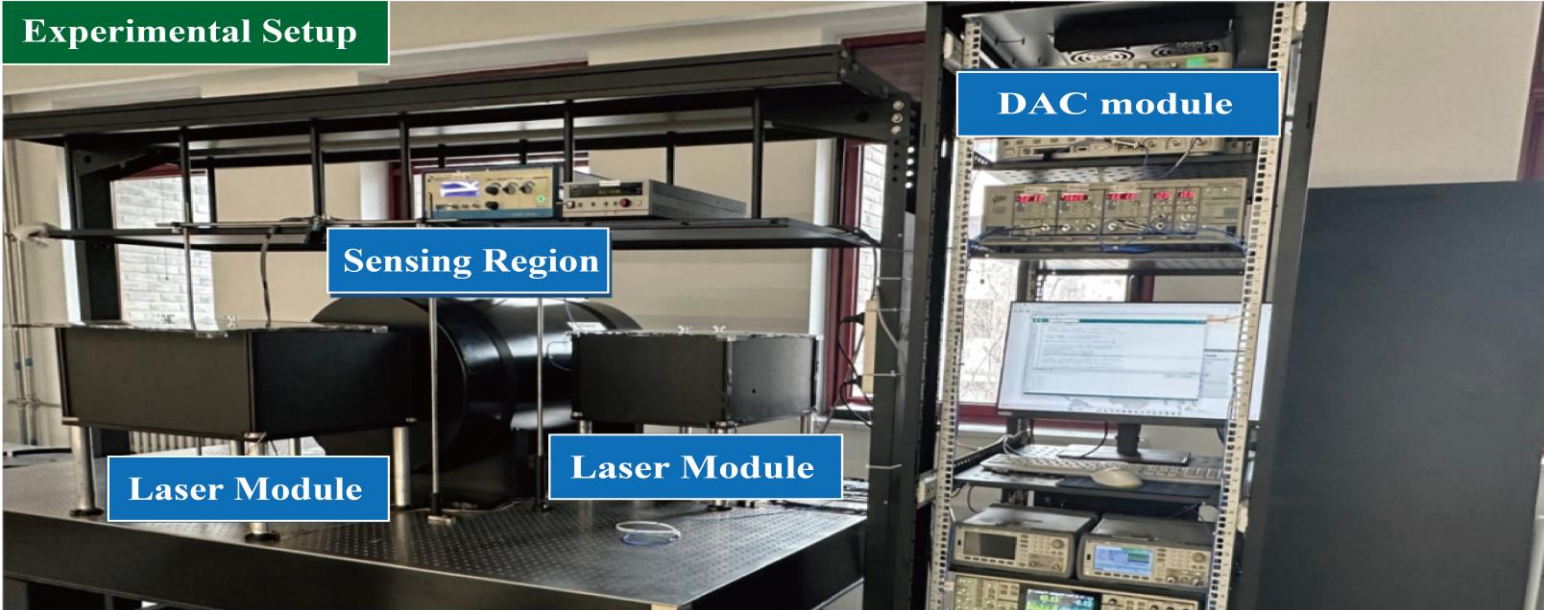
^3He High Accuracy Magnetometer



Under Peer Review in *Physical Review Letters*



Experimental Setup



Physical Review Letters **130**, 143201 (2023)

Physical Review Letters **126**, 141802 (2021)

Annalen der Physik **536**, 2300083 (2024)

Nature Physics **17**, 1396 (2021)

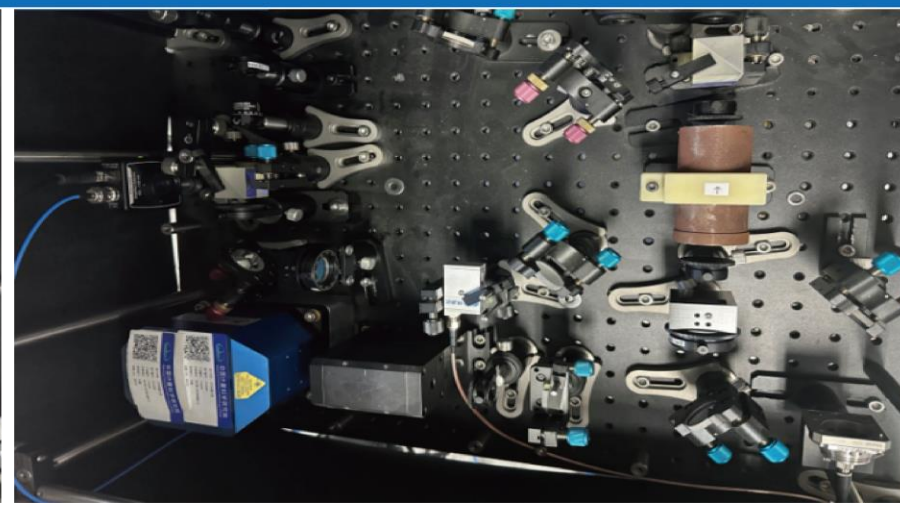
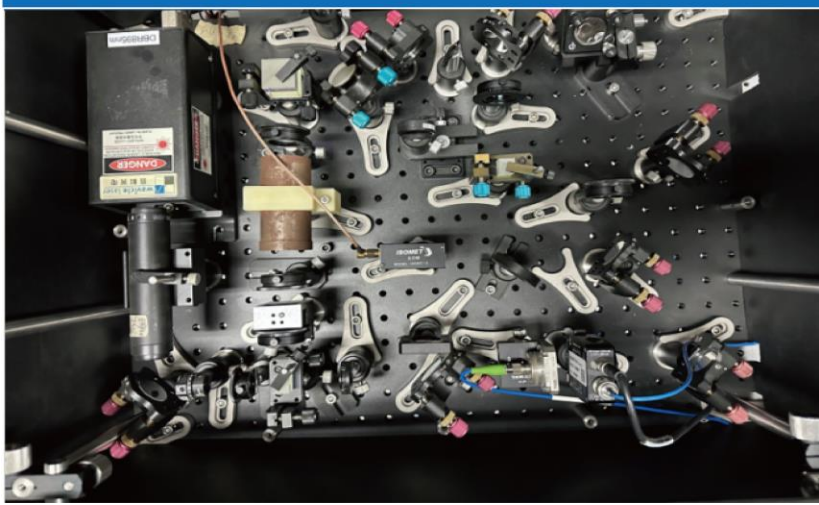
Physical Review A **110**, 063122 (2024)

Physical Review A **103**, 043116 (2022)

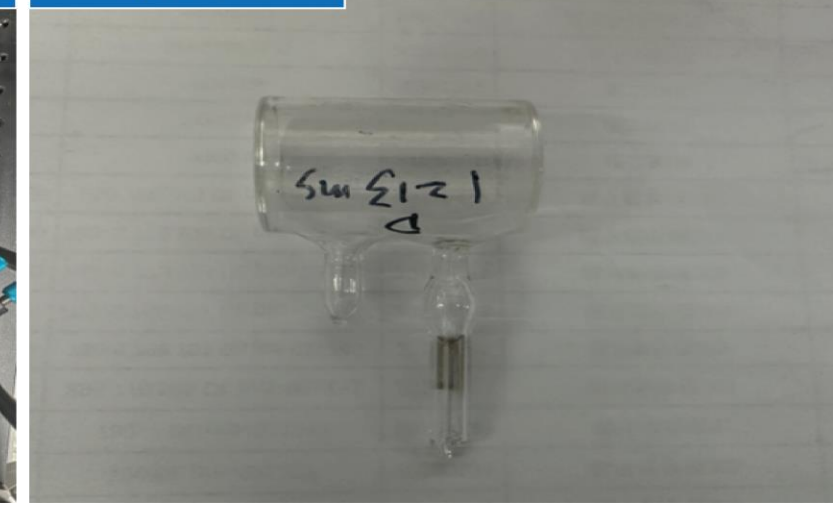
Chinese Physics B **30**, 050704 (2021)

Physical Review Letters [in Revision]

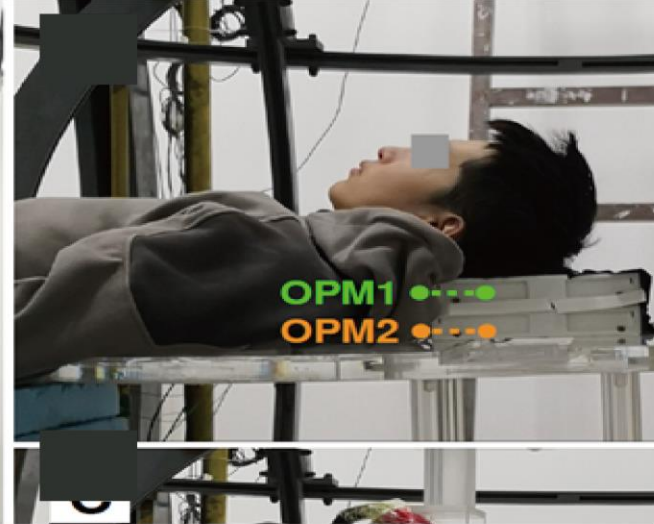
Laser Module



Vapor Cell



1



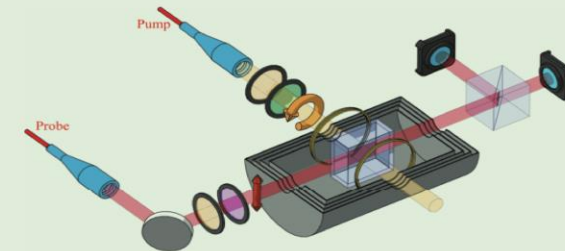
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PRL 133 (9), 093201–093201, 30 August 2024 (12 total pages)

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9

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Volume 133, Number 9

Science Advances 6, eaba8792 (2020) **Physical Review Letters** 133, 093201 (2024) **iScience** 27, 110167 (2024)
Science Advances 9, eadg1746 (2023) **Physical Review Applied** 20, 024042 (2023)
Springer Nature 161 (2021) [Chapter] **Software Copyright: Magnetoencephalography signal preprocessing**
Patent: A method and electronic device for detecting single auditory evoked signals in magnetoencephalography CN202011026442.5 (2022-05-03)

2



4

Etienne Labyt
Tilman Sander
Ronald Wakai Editors

Flexible High Performance Magnetic Field Sensors

On-Scalp Magnetoencephalography
and Other Applications

Chapter 9 Fiber-Coupled OPM in Purely Coil-Shielded Environment

Teng Wu, Xiang Peng, Jingbiao Chen, and Hong Guo

Abstract Magnetoencephalography (MEG) uses an array of high-sensitivity magnetometers, which are placed centimeters to millimeters from the surface of the scalp, to record magnetic-field signals generated from neural currents occurring naturally in the brain. The MEG is normally performed in a magnetically shielded room to reduce the environmental magnetic-field noise and to zero the bias magnetic-field strength, in order to provide optimal conditions for the operation of the magnetometer. In this book chapter, we present a comprehensive introduction on unshielded MEG measurements based on fiber-coupled optically pumped atomic magnetometers (OPMs). We give a detailed review on how to reduce the environmental magnetic-field noise through active magnetic-field stabilization, including a theoretical model and the basic procedures to optimize the performance of active magnetic-field stabilization using OPMs. We also characterize the technical issues to be solved and the corresponding improvements to be implemented for realizing a practical unshielded OPM-based MEG system.

Keywords Optically pumped atomic magnetometer · Magnetoencephalography · Unshielded magnetic-field environment · Earth magnetic field · Active magnetic-field stabilization · Atomic magnetic gradiometer · Frequency response · Fiber-coupled

9.1 Introduction

Optically pumped atomic magnetometer (OPM) attracts increasing attention in constructing a noncytotoxic, wearable, and movable Magnetoencephalography (MEG) system [12], considering that the sensitivity of the OPM sensor has been



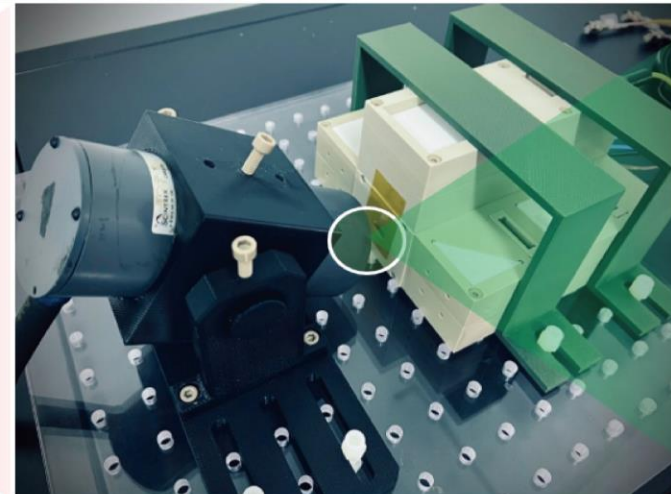
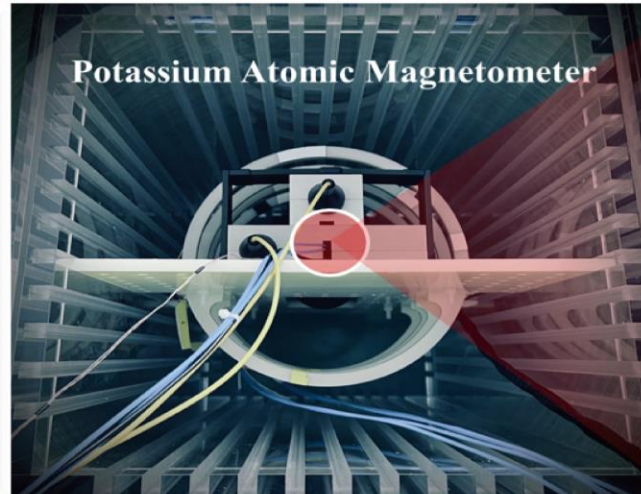
T. Wu (✉) · X. Peng · J. Chen · H. Guo
State Key Laboratory of Advanced Optical Communication Systems and Networks, Department of Electronics, and Center for Quantum Information Technology, Peking University, Beijing, China
e-mail: wuteng@pku.edu.cn; hongguo@pku.edu.cn
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E. Labyt et al. (eds.), *Flexible High Performance Magnetic Field Sensors*,
https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-05363-4_9

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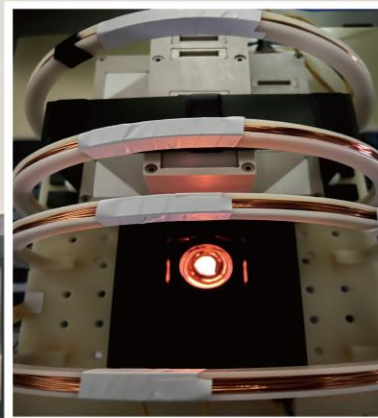
1



Potassium Atomic Magnetometer



2



Physical Review Letters [Submitted]

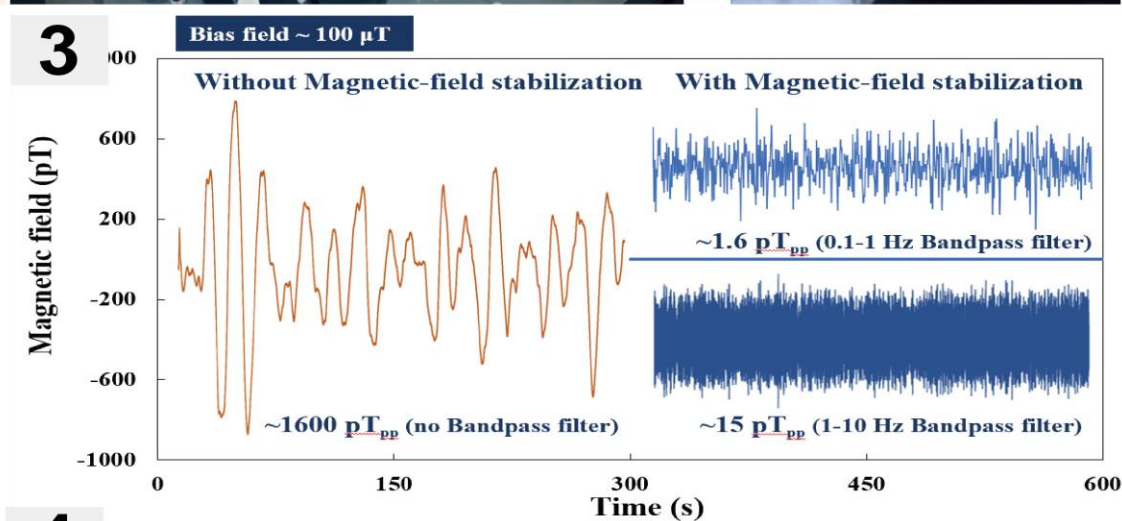
Physical Review A 109, 022803 (2024)

Physical Review A 109, 062814 (2024)

Review of Scientific Instruments 93, 015003 (2022)

Patent: A method for Measuring Cell Pressure **CN202310886318.3**

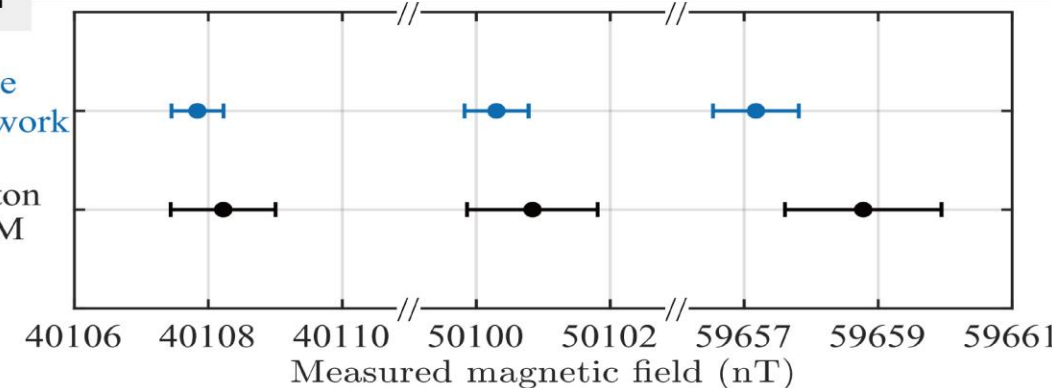
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4

^3He
This work

Proton
NIM



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National Hi-Tech Research and
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National Science Foundation
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China Manned Space
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Prof. Hong Guo
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Assoc. Prof. Xiang Peng
⁴He OPM | Cell Fabrication



Asst. Prof. Teng Wu
Alkali-OPM | Applications



Dr. Wei Xiao (PostDoc)
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