

Contribution ID: 72

Type: Poster Presentation

## **Getting LQCD calculations outside the box**

Lattice quantum chromodynamics (LQCD) calculations of few nucleon systems started a new era of ab-initio predictions in nuclear physics. To obtain physical quantities, the finite-volume LQCD numerical results have to be extrapolated to free space. This extrapolation is traditionally performed using the Lüscher formula for the two-body case and its generalizations to larger systems. Recently, another method was introduced, where an effective field theory (EFT) is fitted directly to the finite-volume results and subsequently used to predict free-space results.

In this project, we aim to compare the two approaches. To mimic the LQCD results we use the nucleonnucleon Minnesota potential solved in a box with periodic boundary conditions. The binding energies of systems of up to four nucleons are solved using the stochastic variational method (SVM). Fitting the next-toleading order (NLO) pionless EFT to the finite-volume energies we use it to extract the free-space binding energies and scattering parameters. The same free-space quantities are also obtained through the Lüscher formula, and thus approaches can be compared on the same ground.

**Primary authors:** WEISS - ATTIA, Tafat (Racah Institute of Physics, The Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel); Dr SCHÄFER, Martin (Nuclear Physics Institute, 250 68 Rez, Czech Republic); Dr BAZAK, Betzalel (Racah Institute of Physics, The Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel)

Presenter: WEISS - ATTIA, Tafat (Racah Institute of Physics, The Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel)

Session Classification: Poster Session