

# ISOSPIN BREAKING IN $\tau$ INPUT FOR $(g - 2)$ FROM LATTICE QCD

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in collaboration with

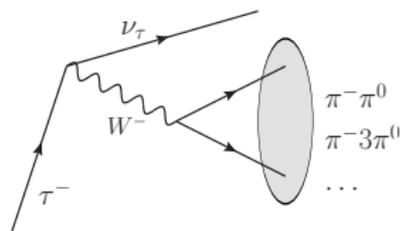
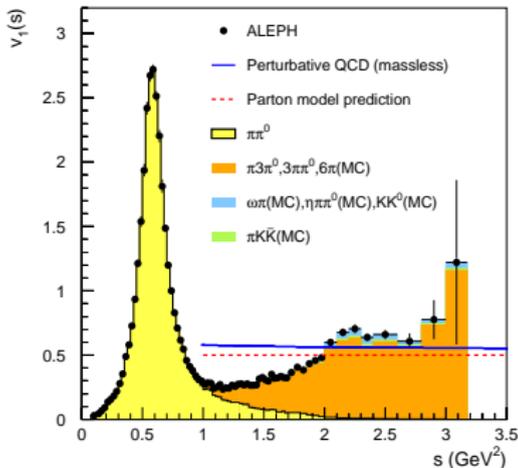
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for the RBC/UKQCD Collaboration



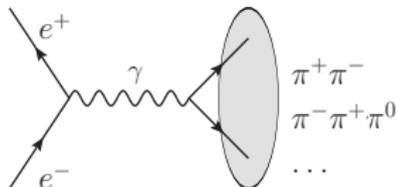
Second Plenary Workshop of the Muon  $g-2$  Theory Initiative  
June 21<sup>st</sup>, 2018

# MOTIVATIONS



$V - A$  current

Final states  $I = 1$  charged



EM current

Final states  $I = 0, 1$  neutral

$\tau$  data can improve  $a_\mu[\pi\pi]$

$\rightarrow E \in [2m_\pi, m_\tau]$

$\rightarrow 72\%$  of total Hadronic LO

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# ISOSPIN CORRECTIONS

Restriction to  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  and  $\tau^- \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^0\nu_\tau$

$$v_0(s) = \frac{s}{4\pi\alpha^2} \sigma_{\pi^+\pi^-}(s)$$

$$v_-(s) = \frac{m_\tau^2}{6|V_{ud}|^2} \frac{\mathcal{B}_{\pi\pi^0}}{\mathcal{B}_e} \frac{1}{N_{\pi\pi^0}} \frac{dN_{\pi\pi^0}}{ds} \left(1 - \frac{s}{m_\tau^2}\right)^{-1} \left(1 + \frac{2s}{m_\tau^2}\right)^{-1} \frac{1}{S_{EW}}$$

Isospin correction  $v_0 = R_{IB}v_-$   $R_{IB} = \frac{FSR}{G_{EM}} \frac{\beta_0^3 |F_\pi^0|^2}{\beta_-^3 |F_\pi^-|^2}$  [Alemani et al. '98]

0.  $S_{EW}$  electro-weak radiative correct. [Marciano, Sirlin '88][Braaten, Li '90]

1. Final State Radiation of  $\pi^+\pi^-$  system [Schwinger '89][Drees, Hikasa '90]

2.  $G_{EM}$  (long distance) radiative corrections in  $\tau$  decays

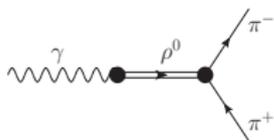
Chiral Resonance Theory [Cirigliano et al. '01, '02]

Meson Dominance [Flores-Talpa et al. '06, '07]

3. Phase Space ( $\beta_{0,-}$ ) due to  $(m_{\pi^\pm} - m_{\pi^0})$

# PION FORM FACTORS

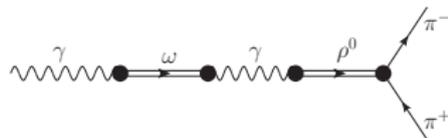
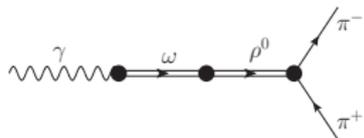
$$F_{\pi}^0(s) \propto \frac{m_{\rho}^2}{D_{\rho}(s)}$$



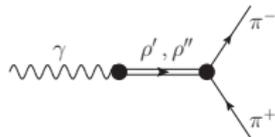
[Gounaris, Sakurai '68]

[Kühn, Santamaria '90]

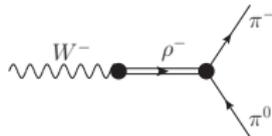
$$\times \left[ 1 + \delta_{\rho\omega} \frac{s}{D_{\omega}(s)} \right]$$



$$+ \frac{m_X^2}{D_X(s)} \quad X = \rho', \rho''$$



$$F_{\pi}^{-}(s) \propto \frac{m_{\rho^{-}}^2}{D_{\rho^{-}}(s)} + (\rho', \rho'')$$



Sources of IB breaking in phenomenological models

$$m_{\rho^0} \neq m_{\rho^{\pm}}, \Gamma_{\rho^0} \neq \Gamma_{\rho^{\pm}}, m_{\pi^0} \neq m_{\pi^{\pm}}$$

$$\rho - \omega \text{ mixing } \delta_{\rho\omega} \simeq O(m_u - m_d) + O(e^2)$$

# CONTRIBUTION TO $a_\mu$

Time-momentum representation

[Bernecker, Meyer, '11]

$$G^\gamma(t) = \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d\vec{x} \langle j_k^\gamma(x) j_k^\gamma(0) \rangle \rightarrow a_\mu = 4\alpha^2 \sum_t w_t G^\gamma(t)$$

Isospin decomposition of  $u, d$  current

$$j_\mu^\gamma = \frac{i}{6} (\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u + \bar{d}\gamma_\mu d) + \frac{i}{2} (\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u - \bar{d}\gamma_\mu d) = j_\mu^{(0)} + j_\mu^{(1)}$$

$$G_{00}^\gamma \leftarrow \langle j_k^{(0)}(x) j_k^{(0)}(0) \rangle = \text{[diagrams: bubble, bubble with gluon, bubble with ghost, bubble with photon, bubble with ghost and photon]} \dots$$

$$G_{01}^\gamma \leftarrow \langle j_k^{(0)}(x) j_k^{(1)}(0) \rangle = \text{[diagrams: bubble with photon, bubble with ghost and photon]} \dots$$

$$G_{11}^\gamma \leftarrow \langle j_k^{(1)}(x) j_k^{(1)}(0) \rangle = \text{[diagrams: bubble, bubble with gluon, bubble with photon, bubble with ghost and photon]} \dots$$

Decompose  $a_\mu = a_\mu^{(0,0)} + a_\mu^{(0,1)} + a_\mu^{(1,1)}$

## NEUTRAL VS CHARGED

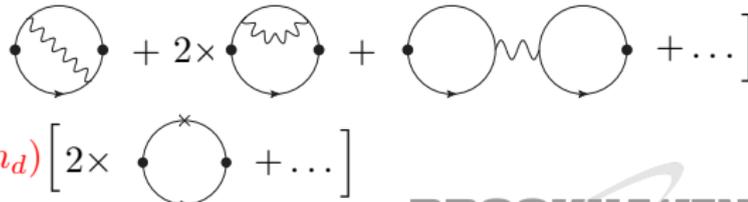
$$\frac{i}{2}(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u - \bar{d}\gamma_\mu d), \left[ \begin{array}{l} I = 1 \\ I_3 = 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow j_\mu^{(1,-)} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu d), \left[ \begin{array}{l} I = 1 \\ I_3 = -1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\text{Isospin 1 charged correlator } G_{11}^W = \frac{1}{3} \sum_k \int d\vec{x} \langle j_k^{(1,+)}(x) j_k^{(1,-)}(0) \rangle$$

$$\delta G^{(1,1)} \equiv G_{11}^\gamma - G_{11}^W$$

$$= Z_V^4 (4\pi\alpha) \frac{(Q_u - Q_d)^4}{4} \left[ \text{diagram 1} + \text{diagram 2} \right]$$


$$G_{01}^\gamma = Z_V^4 \frac{(Q_u^2 - Q_d^2)^2}{2} (4\pi\alpha) \left[ \text{diagram 1} + 2 \times \text{diagram 2} + \text{diagram 3} + \dots \right]$$

$$+ Z_V^2 \frac{Q_u^2 - Q_d^2}{2} (m_u - m_d) \left[ 2 \times \text{diagram 4} + \dots \right]$$


... = subleading diagrams currently not included

$$\Delta a_\mu[\pi\pi, \tau]$$

Restriction to  $2\pi \rightarrow$  neglect pure  $I = 0$  part  $a_\mu^{(0,0)}[\pi^0\gamma, 3\pi, \dots]$

$$\text{Lattice: } \Delta a_\mu[\pi\pi, \tau] = 4\alpha^2 \sum_t w_t \times [G_{01}^\gamma(t) + G_{11}^\gamma(t) - G_{11}^W(t)]$$

$$\text{Pheno: } \Delta a_\mu[\pi\pi, \tau] = \int_{4m_\pi^2}^{m_\tau^2} ds K(s) \left[ \begin{array}{cc} v_0(s) & -v_-(s) \end{array} \right]$$

Conversion to Euclidean time for direct comparison

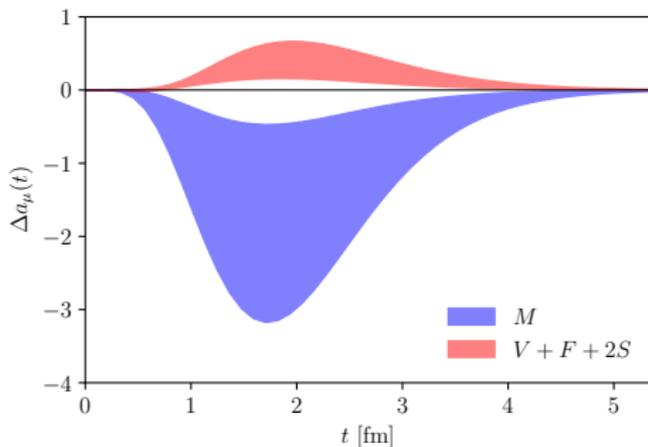
$$\Delta a_\mu[\pi\pi, \tau] = 4\alpha^2 \sum_t w_t \times \left\{ \frac{1}{12\pi^2} \int d\omega \omega e^{-\omega t} [R_{\text{IB}}(\omega^2) - 1] v_-(\omega^2) \right\}$$

FSR,  $G_{\text{EM}}$   $\rightarrow$  (presently) not computed from lattice

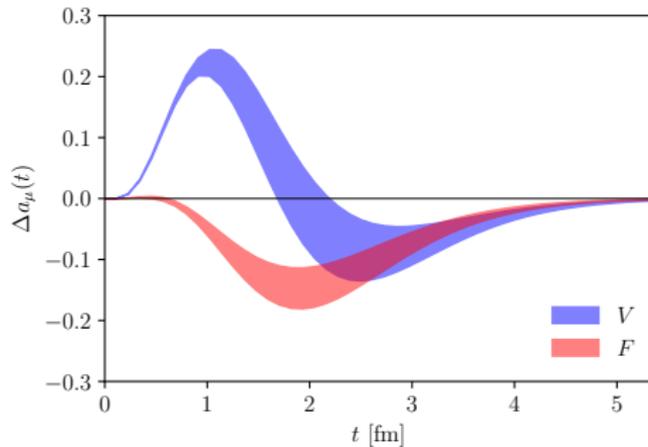
required for direct comparison  $v_-$  vs  $G_{11}^W$

# LATTICE: PRELIMINARY RESULTS

$\Delta a_\mu$  from  $G_{01}^\gamma$  (QED and SIB):



Pure  $I = 1$  only  $O(\alpha)$  terms:



$$V = \text{[diagram: fermion loop with photon]} \quad F = \text{[diagram: fermion loop with gluon]} \quad S = \text{[diagram: fermion loop with scalar]}$$

$$M = \text{[diagram: fermion loop with cross]} \rightarrow \text{dominates noise}$$

# CONCLUSIONS

For detailed comparison lattice vs pheno:

study systematic errors → ongoing finite volume study

improvement of errs → high stat. data set from HLbL

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Discussion points and prospects:

1. full lattice calculation of  $\Delta a_\mu[\tau]$

2. lattice QCD calculation → various comparisons

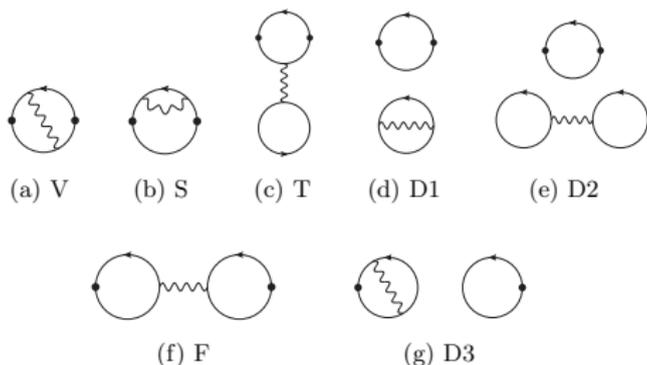
comparison  $v_-$  with experiment requires FSR,  $S_{EW}$  and  $G_{EM}$   
→ test of long distance QED corrections

study  $G_{01}^\gamma$  alone →  $\rho - \omega$  mixing ?

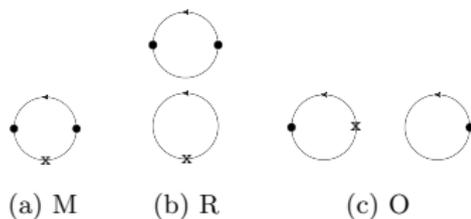
study  $\delta G^{(1,1)}$  alone →  $\rho^0$  vs  $\rho^-$  properties ?

Thanks for your attention

# FULL QED AND SIB



[Blum et. al. '18]  
[C. Lehner talk]



Presently only leading diagrams are computed  $V, F, S, M$  [Blum et al. '18]

→ improving precision between 2 and 4 times

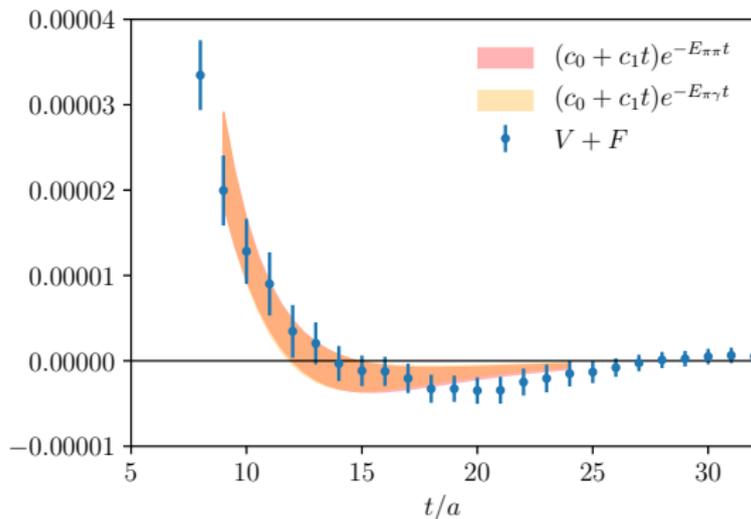
$SU(3)$  and  $1/N_c$  diagrams presently not computed

# PEEKING AT THE DATA - I

Lattice **fully inclusive** → comparison with  $v_-$  problematic

manipulate correlator to implement energy cut

fit lowest energy state  $(c_0 + c_1 t)e^{-Et}$



lattice correlator **more precise**  
at short distances

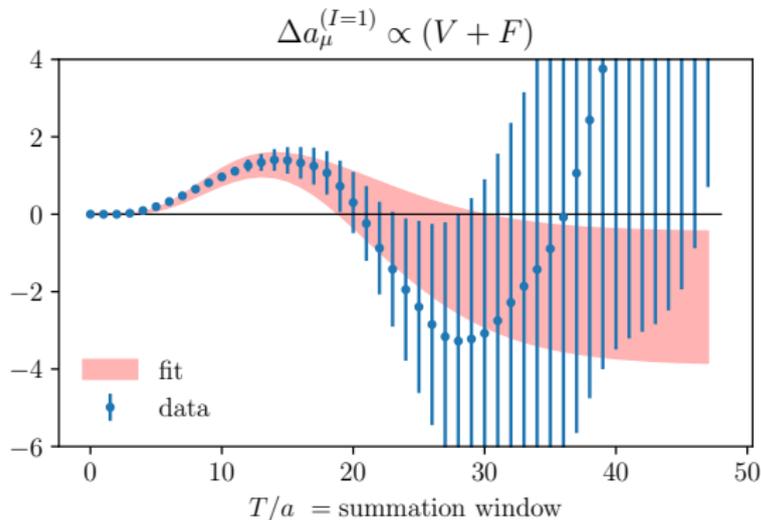
fit with fixed energy

$$E_{\pi\pi}^{I=1}, E_{\pi\gamma}$$

temporary solution: not  
required with better precision

## PEEKING AT THE DATA - II

$$\Delta a_\mu = 4\alpha^2 \sum_t w_t \delta G(t) \rightarrow \text{weights suppress short distance}$$



lattice correlator **more precise**  
at short distances

$$\text{fit } (c_0 + c_1 t)e^{-Et}$$
$$E \rightarrow \pi\pi \text{ or } \pi\gamma$$

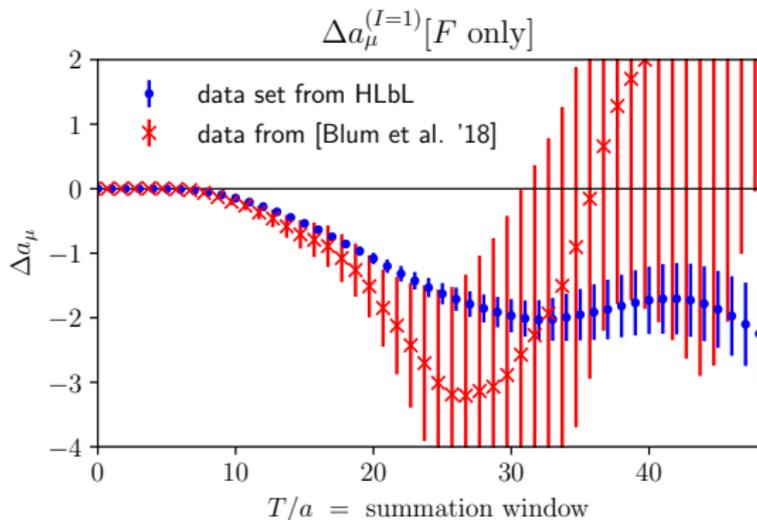
**reduction of stat. noise**

temporary solution: not  
required with better precision

# LATTICE IMPROVEMENTS

Stat. improvements from data of HLbL project [Phys.Rev.Lett. 118 (2017)]

contribution of diagram  $F$  to pure  $I = 1$  part of  $\Delta a_\mu$



$O(1000)$  point-src per conf.  
 $5 \cdot 10^5$  combinations  
80 configurations

$\times 4$  reduction in error

finite volume errs relevant  
 $\rightarrow$  dedicated study

data from [Blum et al. '18]:  $O(500)$  point-src per conf.  
76 configurations

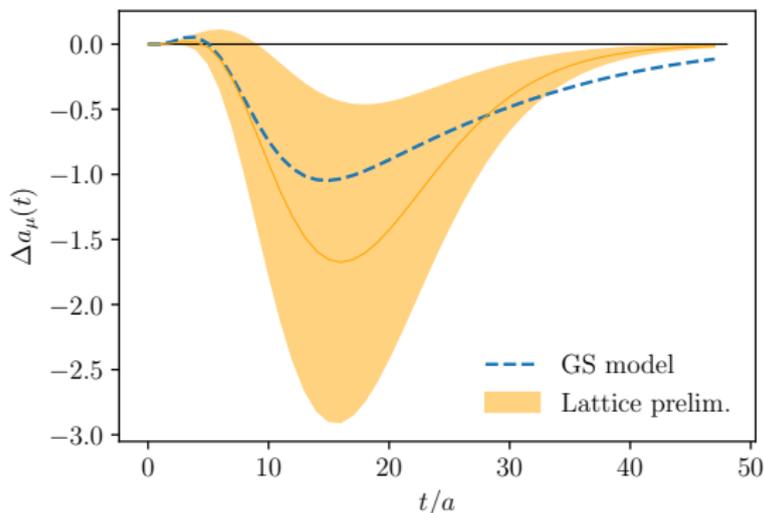
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## EXAMPLE OF COMPARISON

Lattice complete contribution  $\Delta a_\mu \propto (G_{01}^\gamma + \delta G^{(1,1)})$

For  $[R_{IB} - 1]v_-$  we use:

1. FSR  $\beta_0^3 |F_\pi^0|^2 - \beta_-^3 |F_\pi^-|^2$
2. we use GS model for  $F_\pi^{0,-}$ , inspired from [Davier et al. '10]



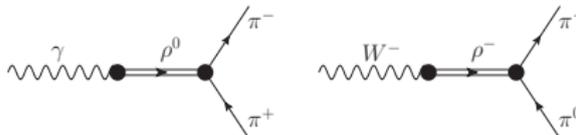
illustrative example:

comparison in Euclidean time  
more accurate analysis required

## SEPARATE STUDIES

Potential to study  $\rho^{\pm,0}$  properties and  $\rho - \omega$  mixing: **discussion points**

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$$\delta G^{(1,1)} = G_{11}^{\gamma} - G_{11}^W \leftrightarrow$$


$$F_{\pi}^{0,-} = m_{\rho^{0,-}} D_{\rho^{0,-}}^{-1} + (\rho', \rho'); \quad D^{-1} \text{ à la Gounaris-Sakurai}$$

→ can we expect  $\delta_{\rho\omega} = 0$  to **approximate**  $\delta G^{(1,1)}$

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$$\langle j_k^{(0)}(x) j_k^{(1)}(0) \rangle \leftrightarrow$$


→ can we expect  $\frac{|F_{\pi}^{0}|^2}{|F_{\pi}^{-}|^2} = [1 + \delta_{\rho\omega} s D_{KS,\omega}^{-1}]$  to approximate  $G_{01}^{\gamma}$ ?

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