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Detection of T-violation in “elastic” pp scattering in a single beam figure-eight storage ring

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A storage ring experiment with frozen spin polarized colliding proton beams, capable of detecting time reversal (T) symmetry violation in “elastic” pp (or dd) scattering is described. Operating below the pion production threshold (laboratory fixed hydrogen target proton kinetic energy 400 MeV) but above the 69.5 MeV laboratory energy at which proton-carbon scattering asymmetry polarimetry analysing power exceeds 99%, both scattered protons come to rest in graphite polarimeter chambers which provide more than 3/4 of full directional coverage. Both initial proton polarization states are pure and both scattered proton polarizations are measured with maximum possible efficiency and analysing power. The possible existence of such a semi-strong, symmetry-violating nuclear force was proposed by Lee and Wolfenstein, by Prentki and Veltman, and by Okun in 1965. The presence or absence of T-violation in nuclear forces is thought to bear significantly on important cosmological issues, especially missing mass, dark energy, and the matter/anti-matter imbalance in our universe. Unlike all fixed target tests of T-symmetry in elastic pp scattering, rather than being collinear, incident beams will collide at right angles. A beam-bunch-specific polarization preparation capability has already been partially demonstrated at COSY, using polarized deuterons. Preparation of the bunch spin pattern suggested in the present paper could proceed immediately as a significant step in this T-violation program.

Category

Polarization Applications for Fundamental Symmetry Tests

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