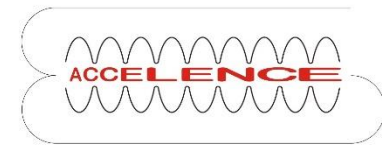


Automated Activation Procedures for GaAs photocathodes at Photo-CATCH*

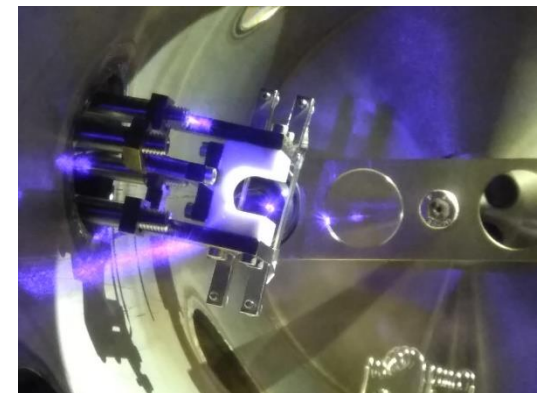
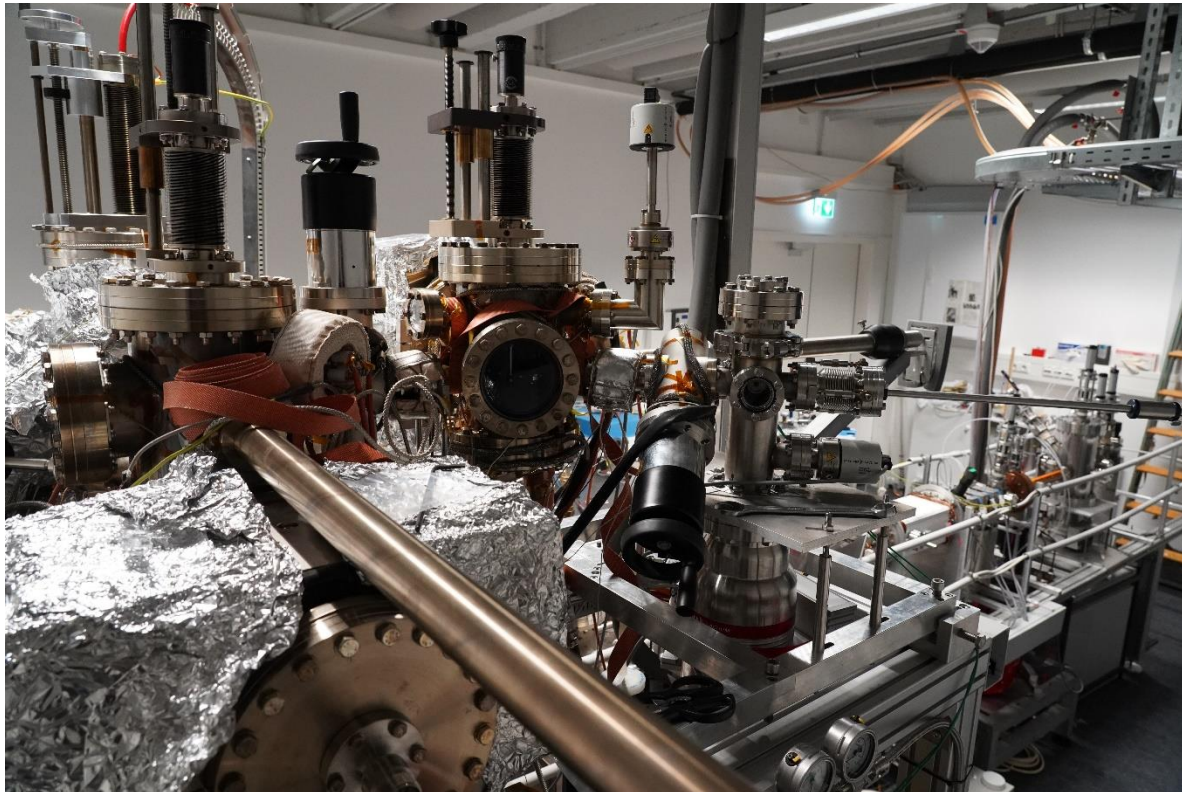


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DARMSTADT

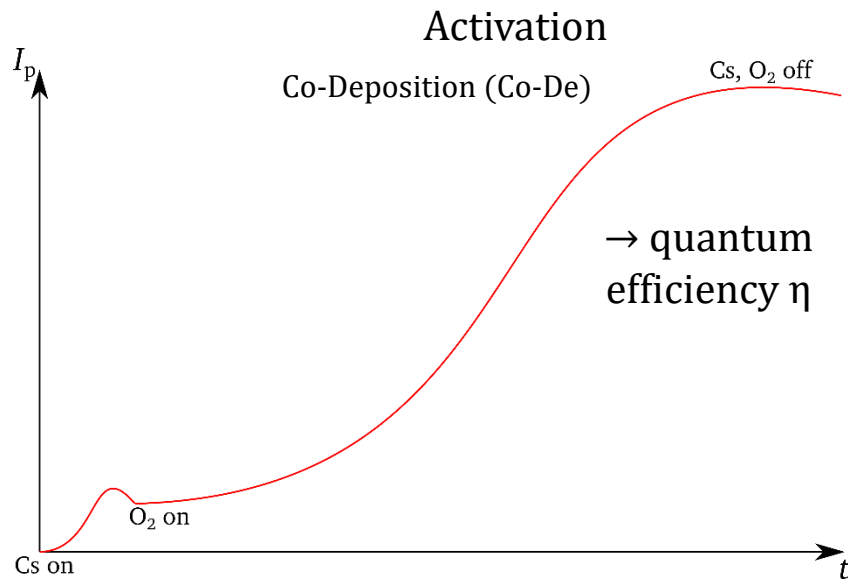
M. Herbert – T. Eggert, J. Enders, M. Engart, Y. Fritzsche, V. Wende



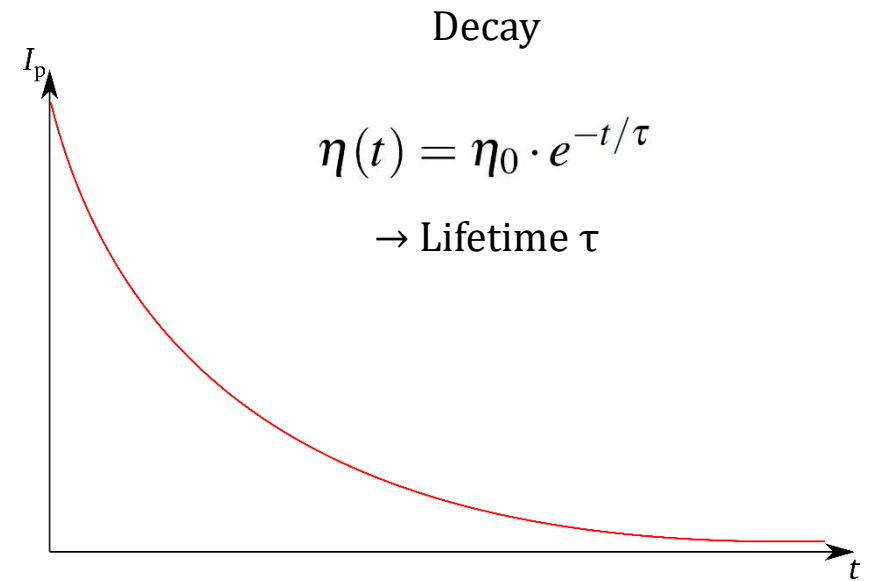
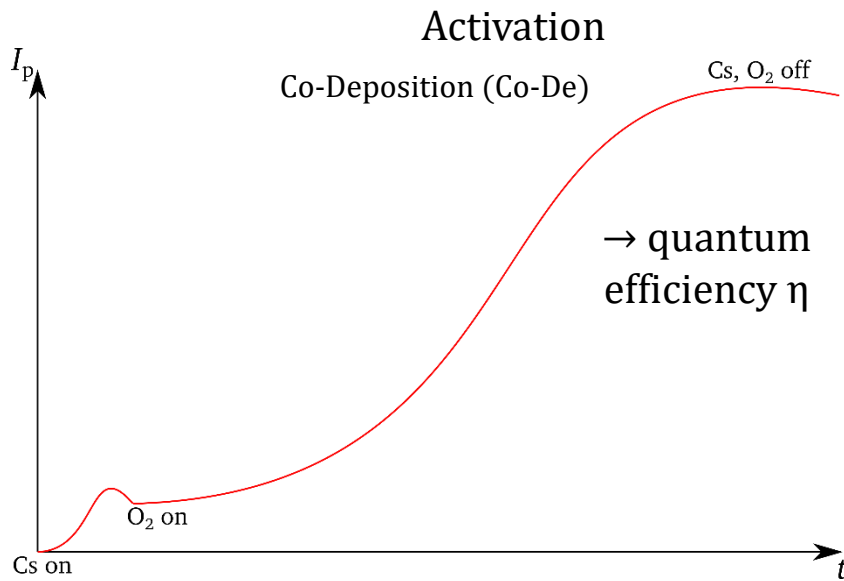
*Supported by BMBF and by DFG through GRK 2128 „Accelence“



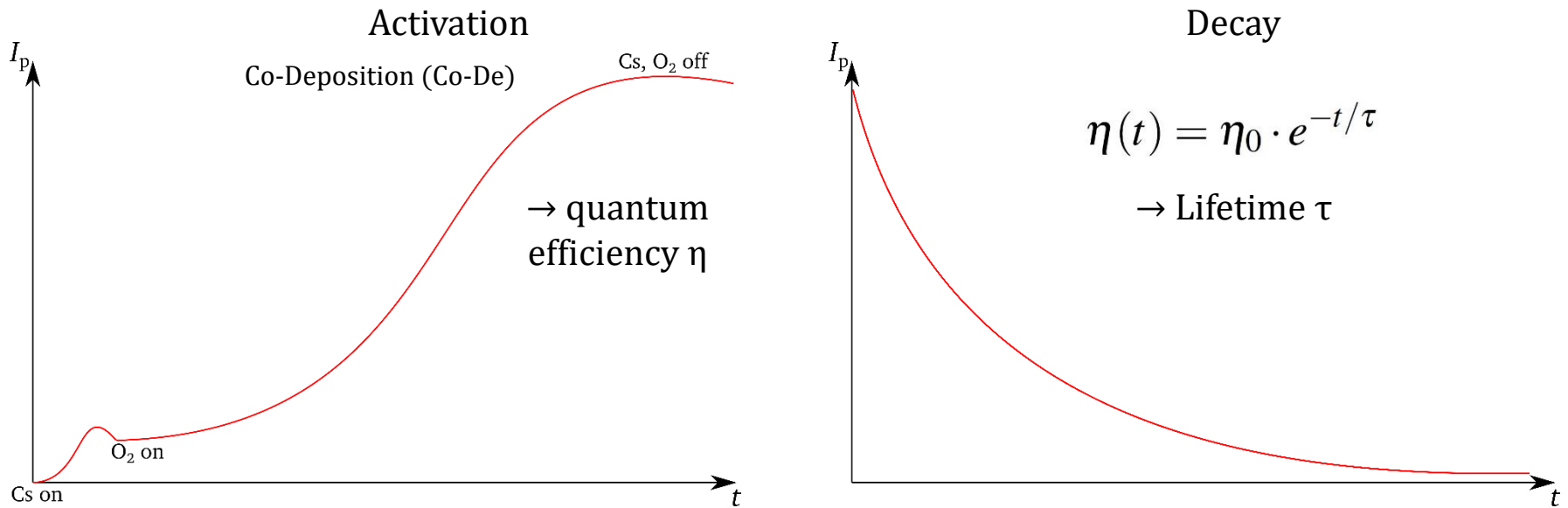
GaAs – NEA surface layer



GaAs – NEA surface layer



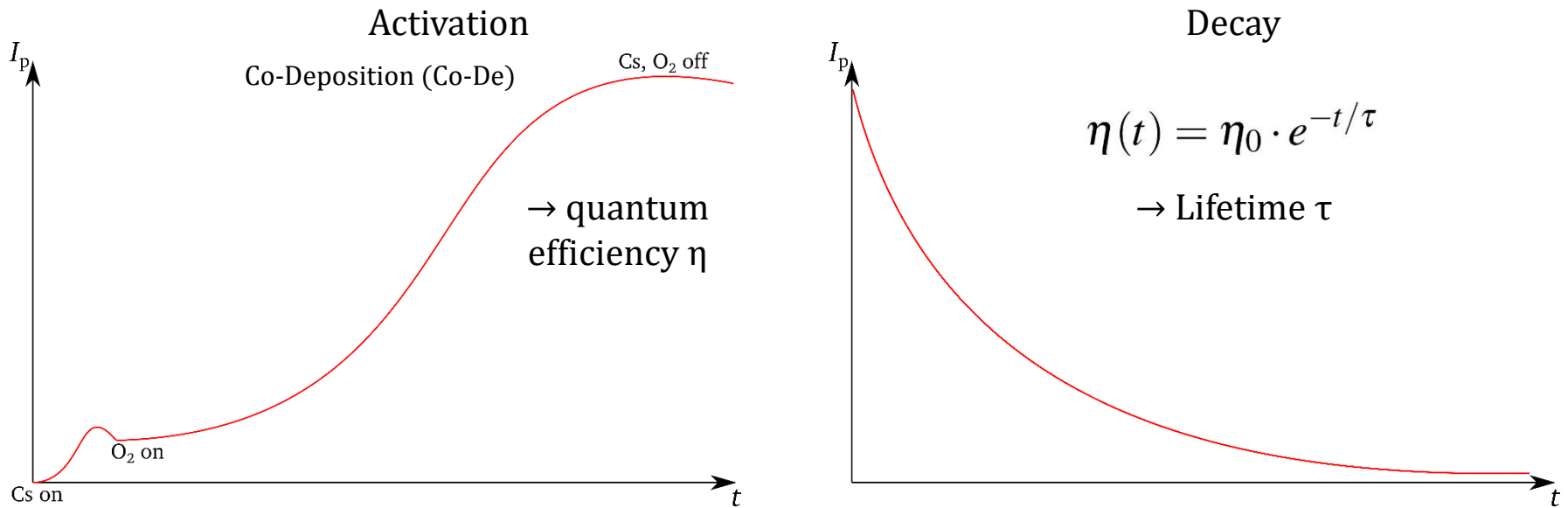
GaAs – NEA surface layer



Influence on τ

Reproducible η and τ required for accelerator applications

GaAs – NEA surface layer



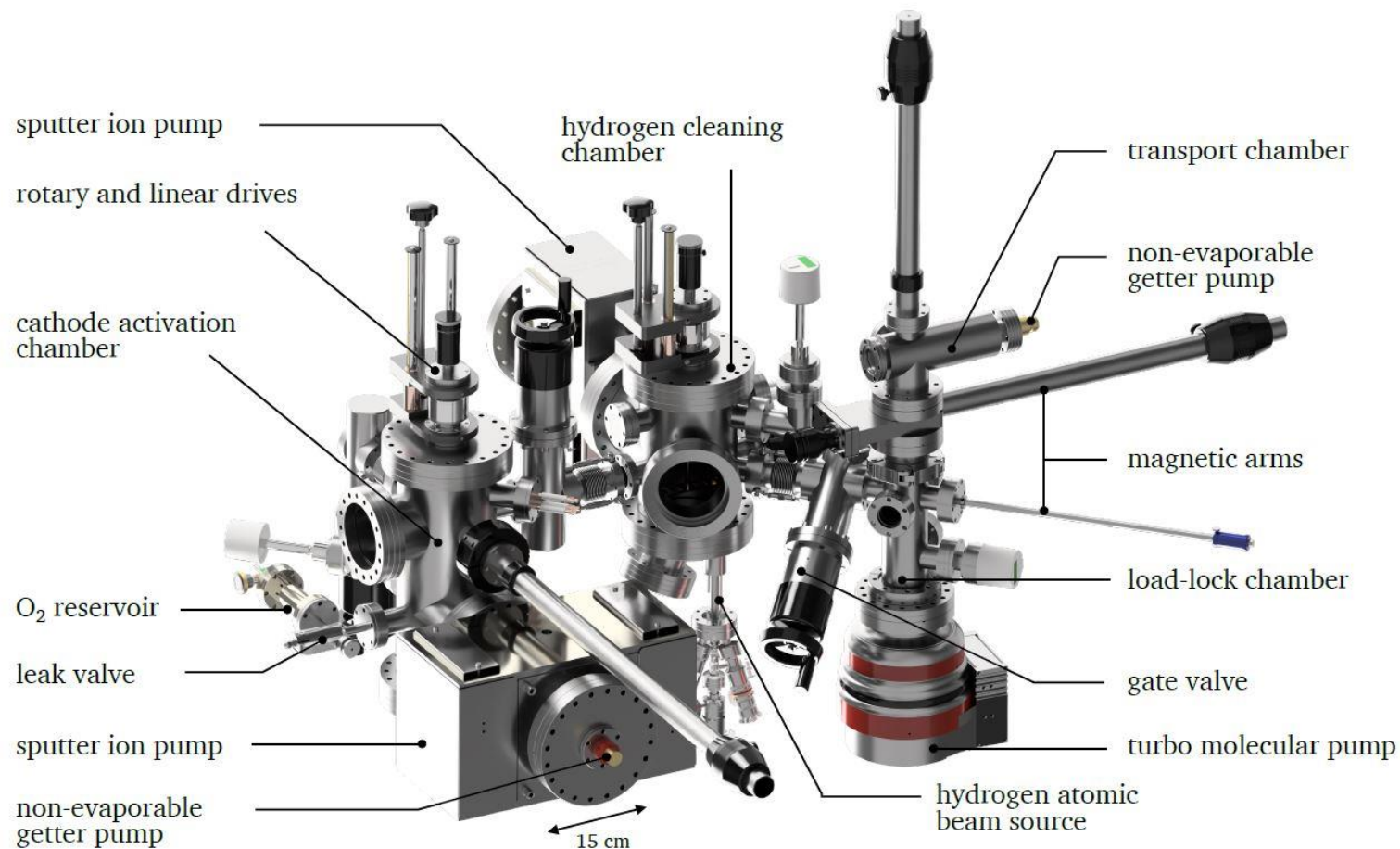
Influence on τ

Reproducible η and τ required for accelerator applications



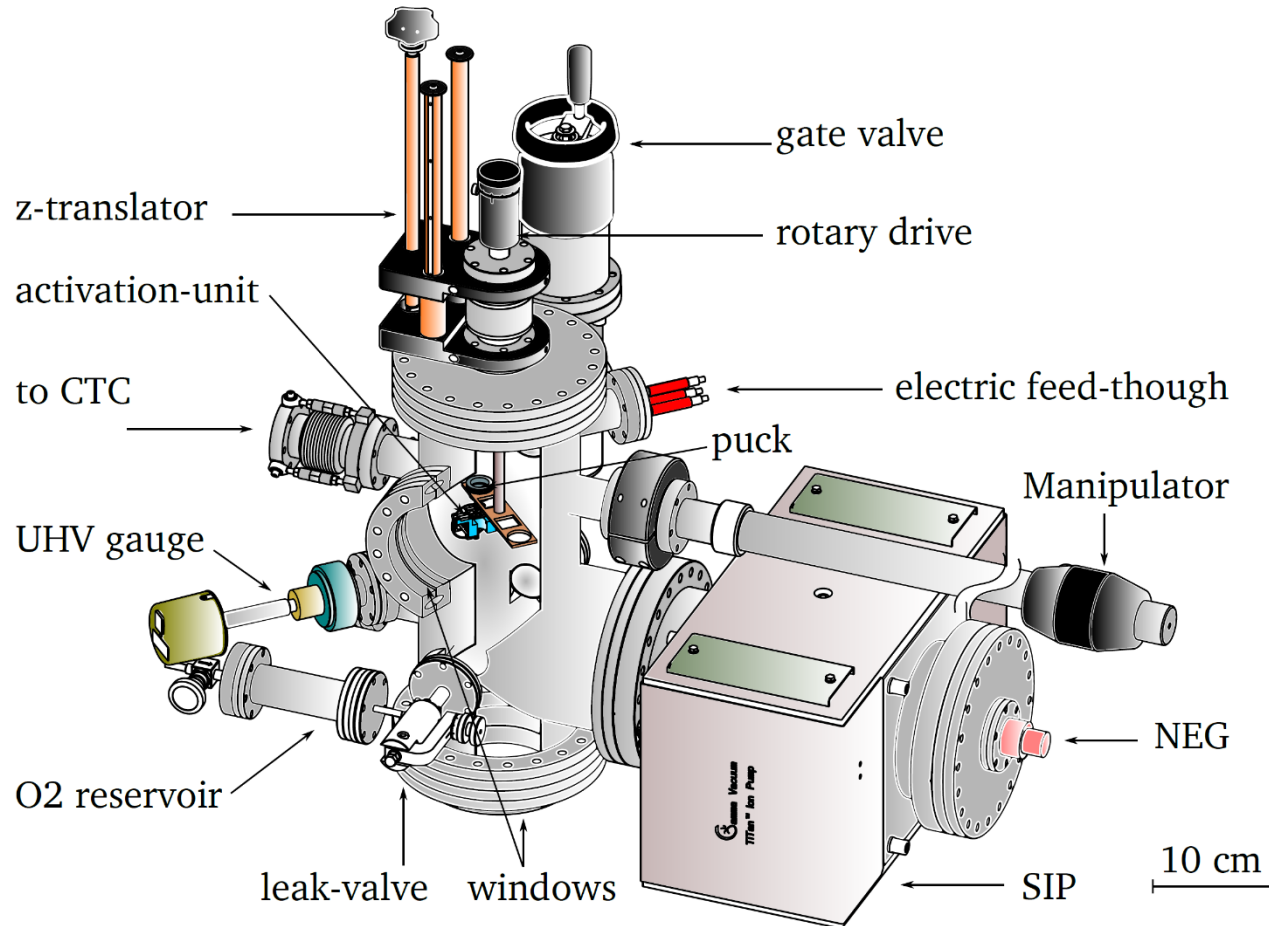
Automated activation process

Experimental Setup @ Photo-CATCH



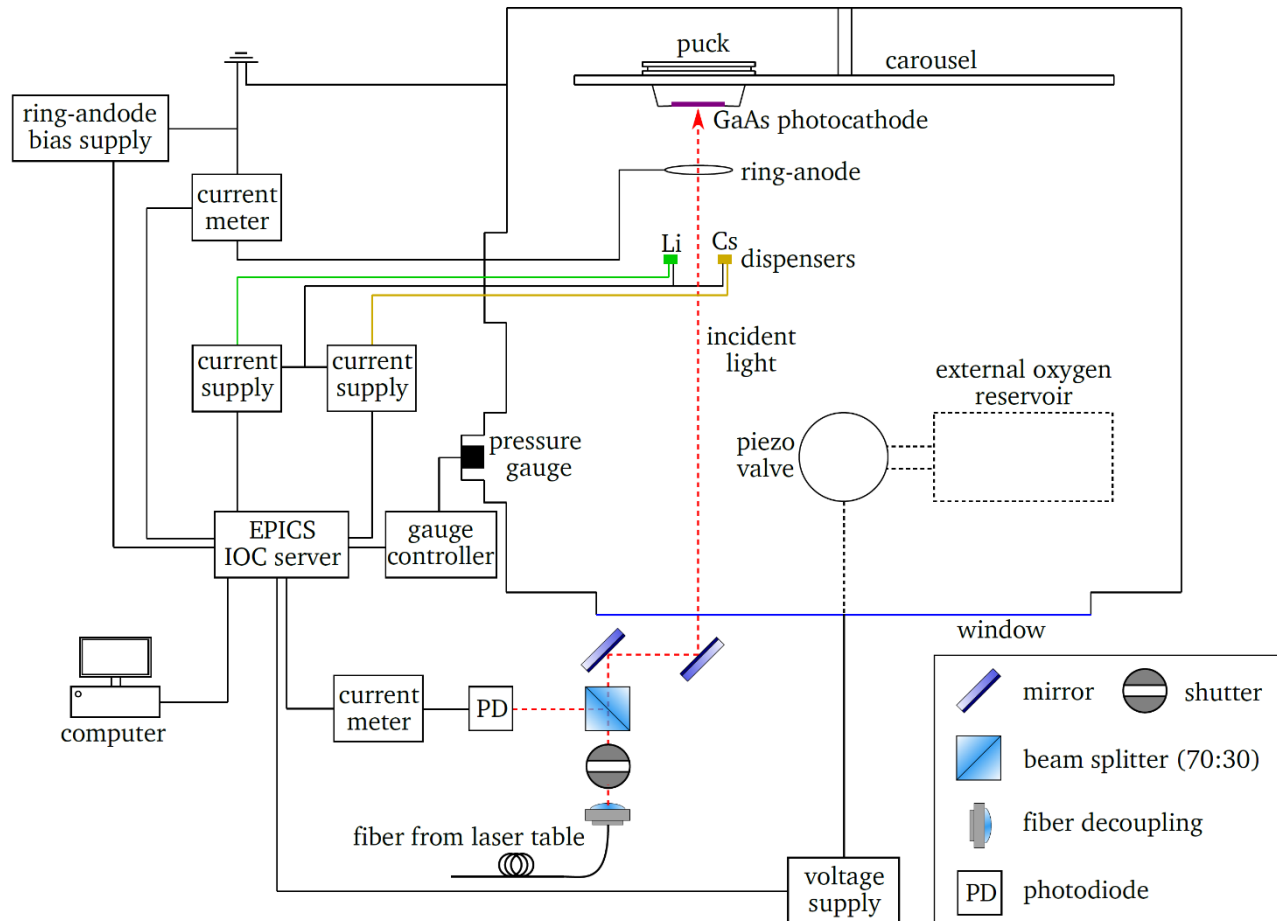
N. Kurichyanil *et al.*, *A test system for optimizing quantum efficiency and dark lifetime of GaAs photocathodes*, Journal of Instrumentation 14 P08025 (2019)

Experimental Setup @ Photo-CATCH



N. Kurichiyani, *Design and construction of a test stand for photocathode research and experiments*,
Dissertation, TU Darmstadt (2017)

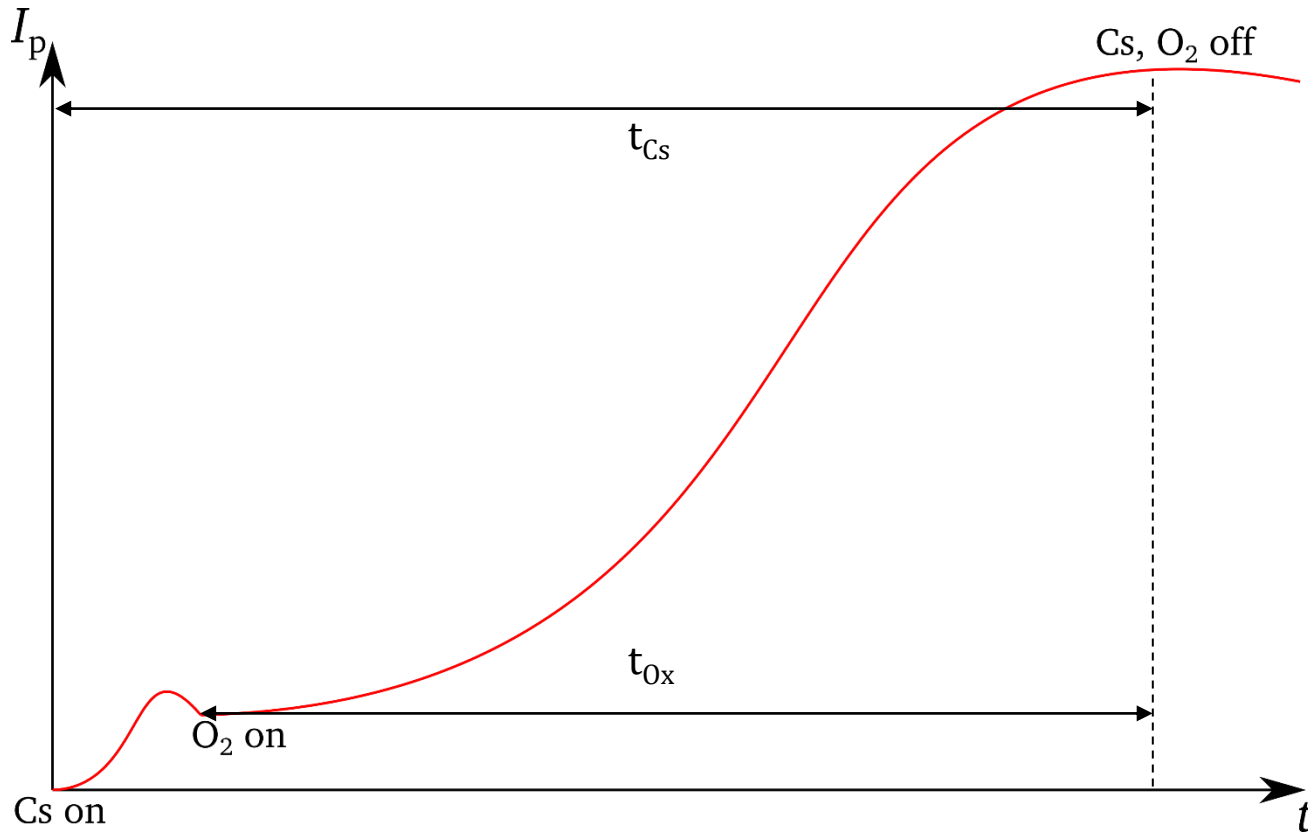
Experimental Setup @ Photo-CATCH



Automated Activation Scheme

Co-De scheme
(Cs + O₂)

$t_{Cs} = 39 \text{ min}$, $t_{Ox} = 22.8 \text{ min}$



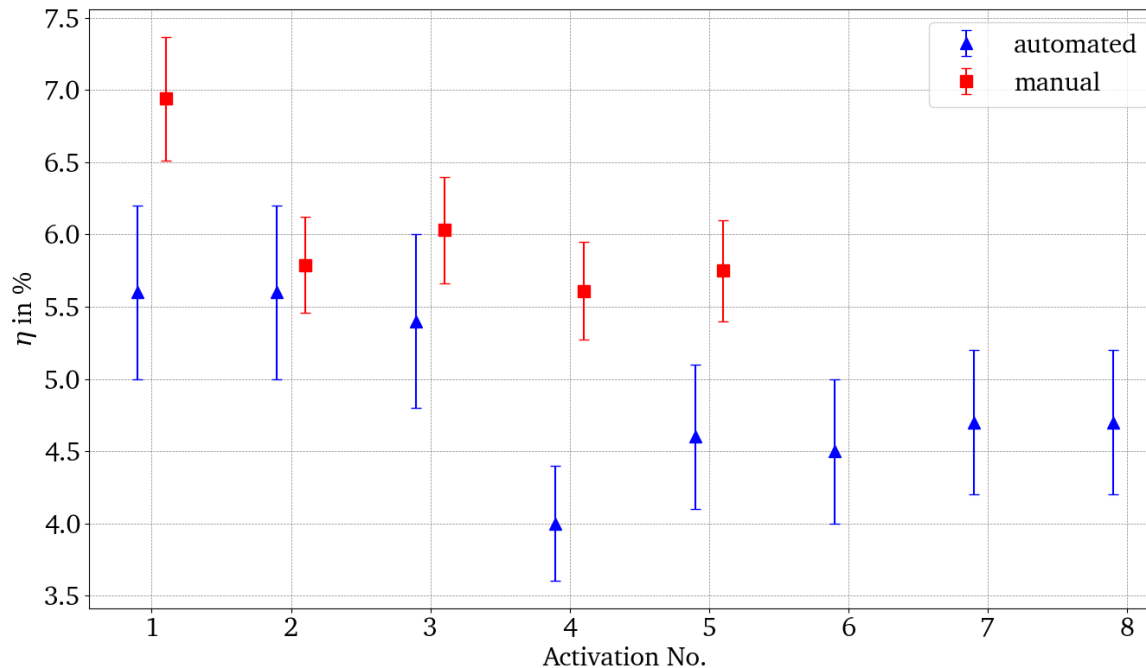
Quantum Efficiency – Manual vs Automated

Manual:

$$\lambda = (780 \pm 5) \text{ nm}$$
$$P_{\text{laser}} = (5 \pm 1) \mu\text{W}$$
$$U_{\text{bias}} = 102 \text{ V}$$

Automated:

$$\lambda = (780 \pm 5) \text{ nm}$$
$$P_{\text{laser}} = (8 \pm 2) \mu\text{W}$$
$$U_{\text{bias}} = 102 \text{ V}$$



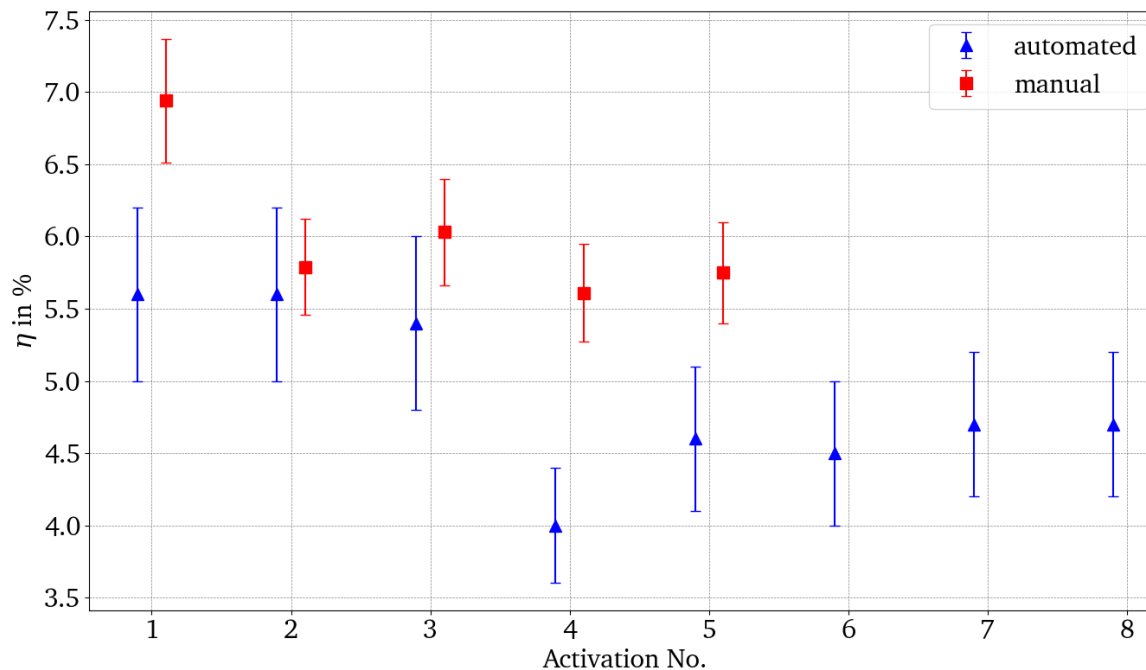
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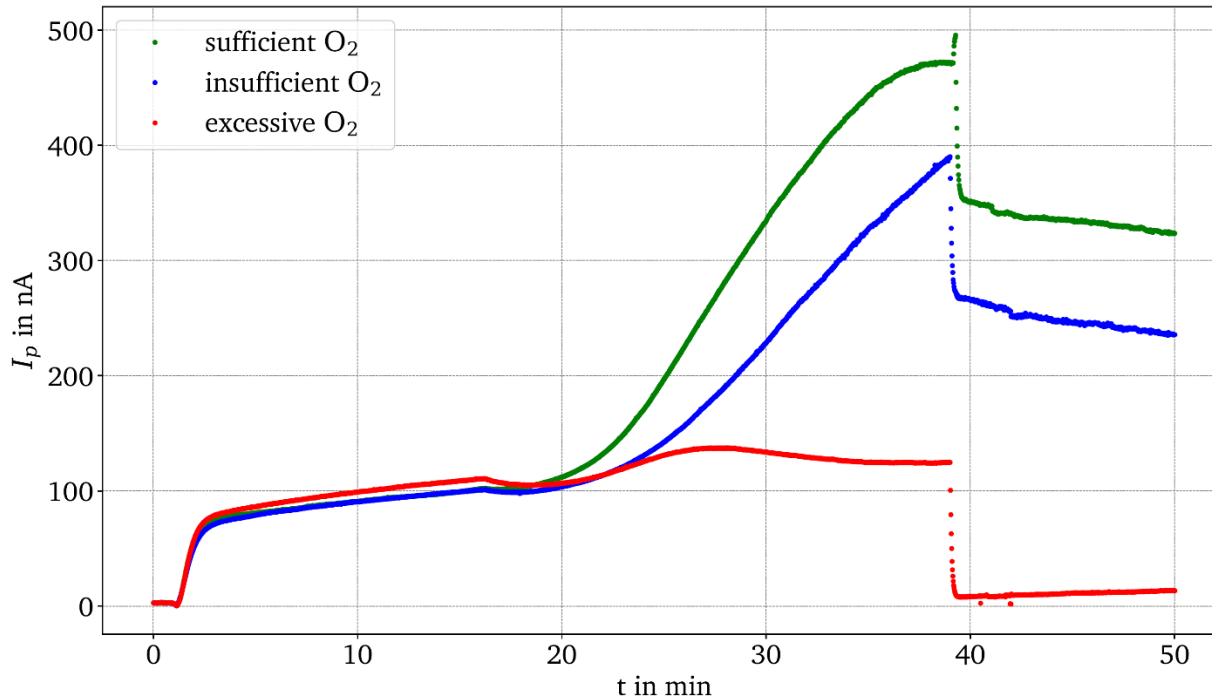
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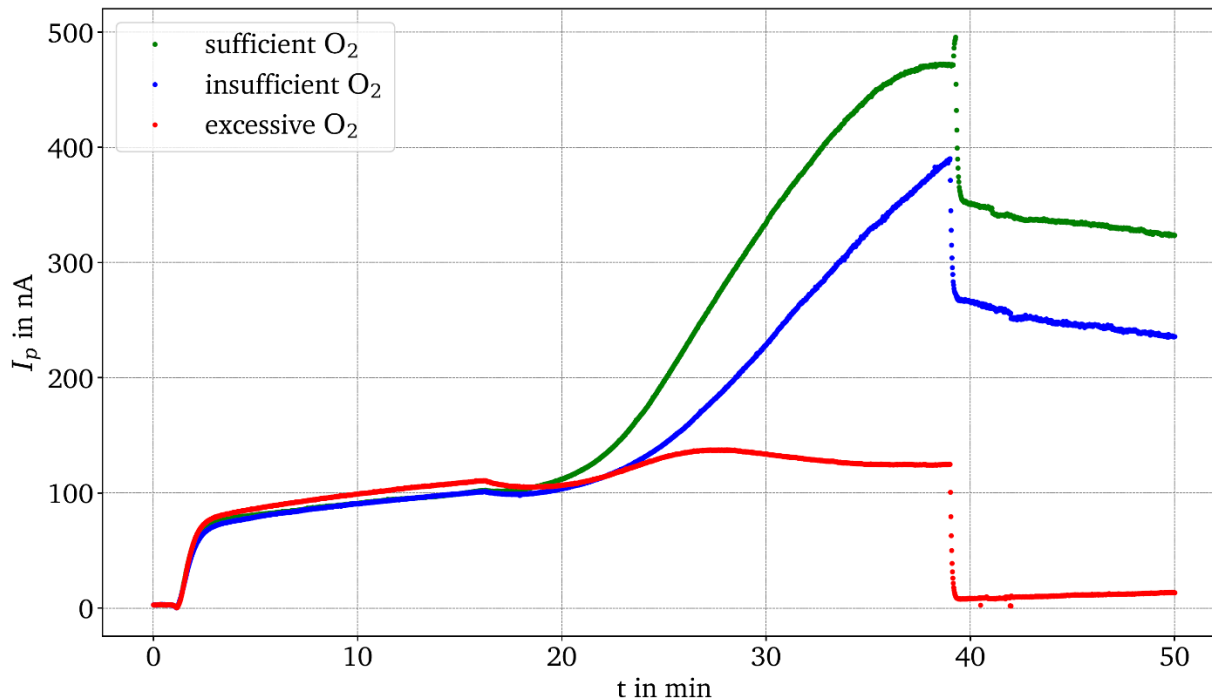
Scheme	η_{mean} (%)
Manual	6.0 ± 0.6
Auto	4.9 ± 0.8

Comparable
reproducibility

Automated Activation Scheme - Oxygen Input

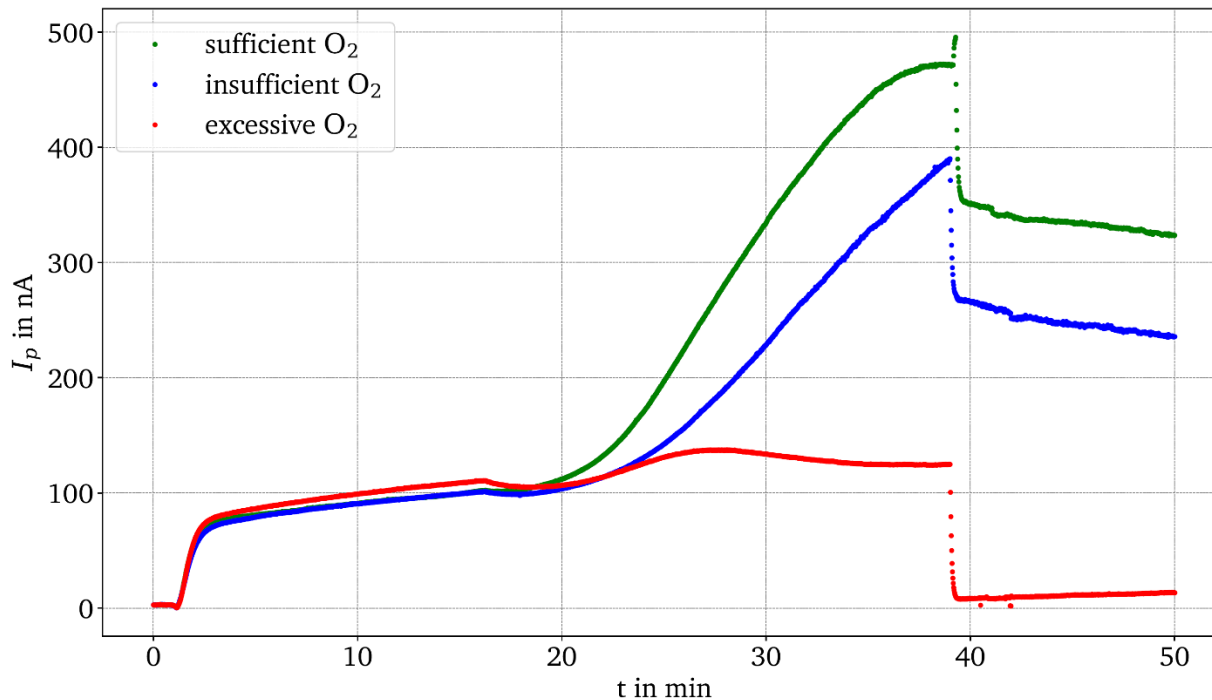


Automated Activation Scheme - Oxygen Input



Oxygen	#	No.	η_{mean} (%)
sufficient	3	1, 2, 5	5.3 ± 0.6
insufficient	5	3, 4, 6, 7, 8	4.7 ± 0.5
excessive	1	9	0.2 ± 0.1

Automated Activation Scheme - Oxygen Input

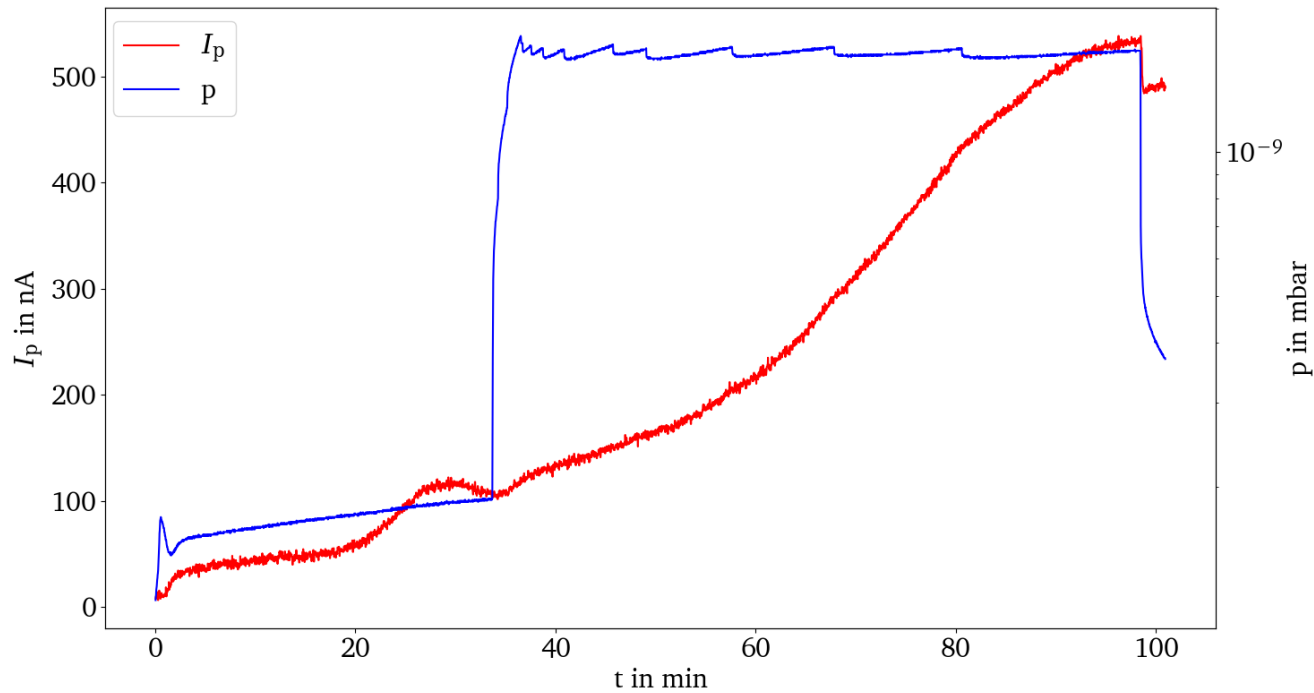


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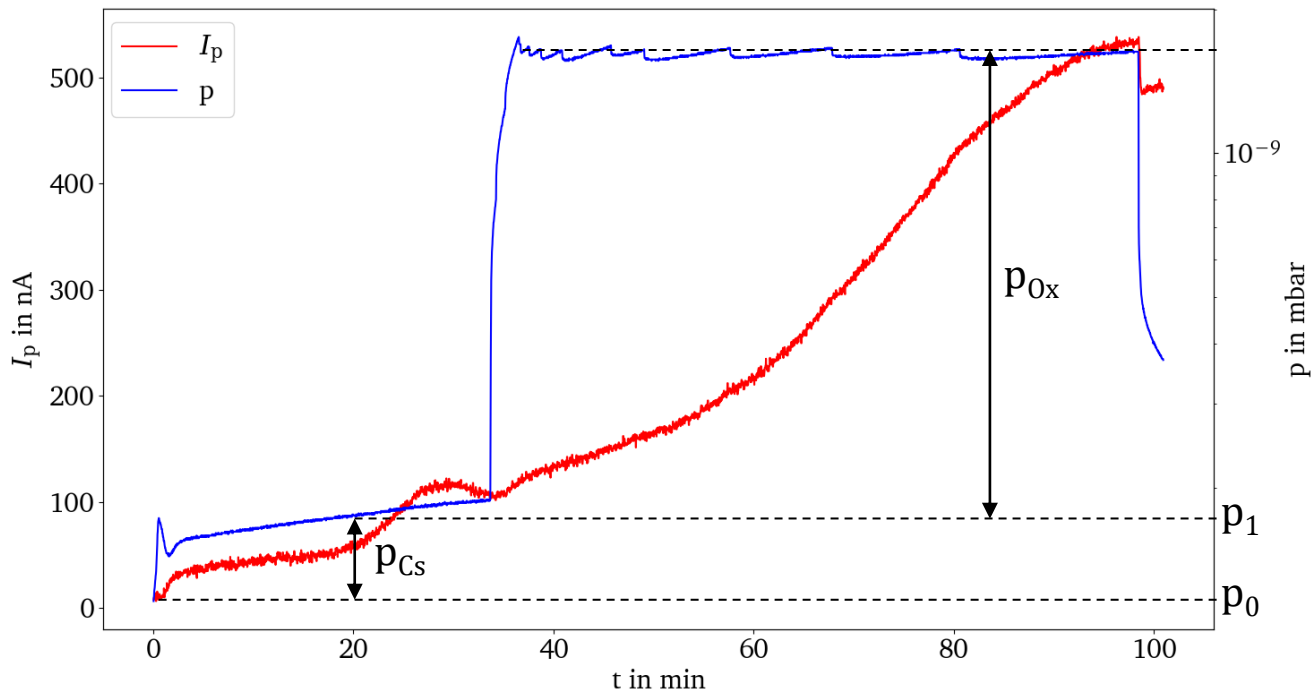


Reliable oxygen input
required to improve
reproducibility

Partial Pressure Ratio

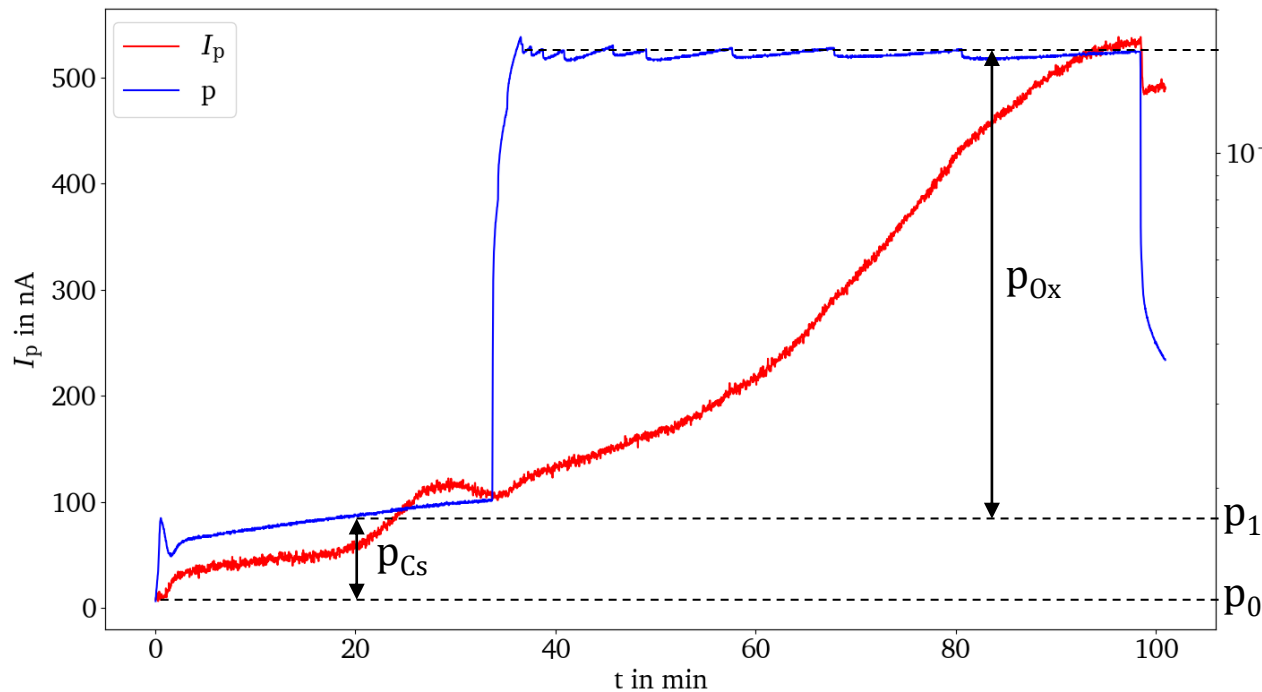


Partial Pressure Ratio



$$p_{Cs} = p_1 - p_0$$
$$p_{Ox} = p_{tot} - p_{Cs}$$

Partial Pressure Ratio



$$p_{Cs} = p_1 - p_0$$

$$p_{Ox} = p_{tot} - p_{Cs}$$

Partial pressure ratio

$$r = p_{Cs}/p_{Ox}$$

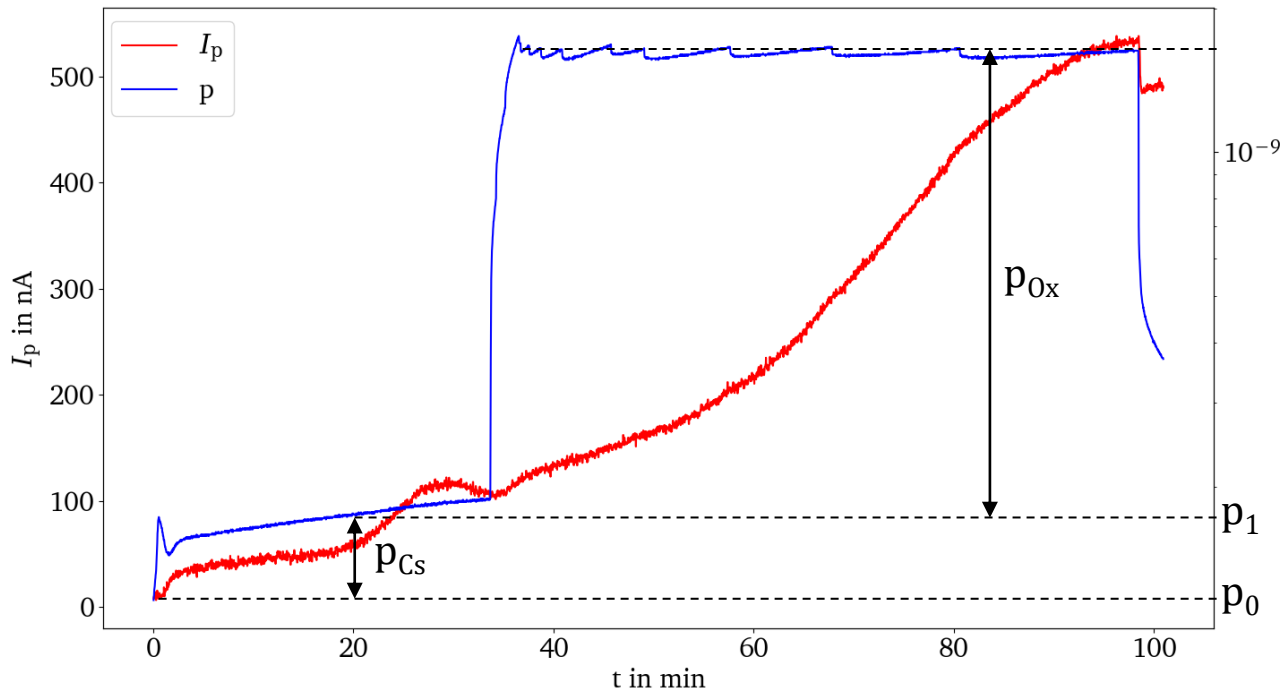
sufficient O_2 : $r = r_{opt}$

insufficient O_2 : $r > r_{opt}$

excessive O_2 : $r < r_{opt}$

Photo-CATCH: $r_{opt} \approx 0.043$

Partial Pressure Ratio



$$p_{Cs} = p_1 - p_0$$

$$p_{Ox} = p_{tot} - p_{Cs}$$

Partial pressure ratio

$$r = p_{Cs}/p_{Ox}$$

sufficient O_2 : $r = r_{opt}$

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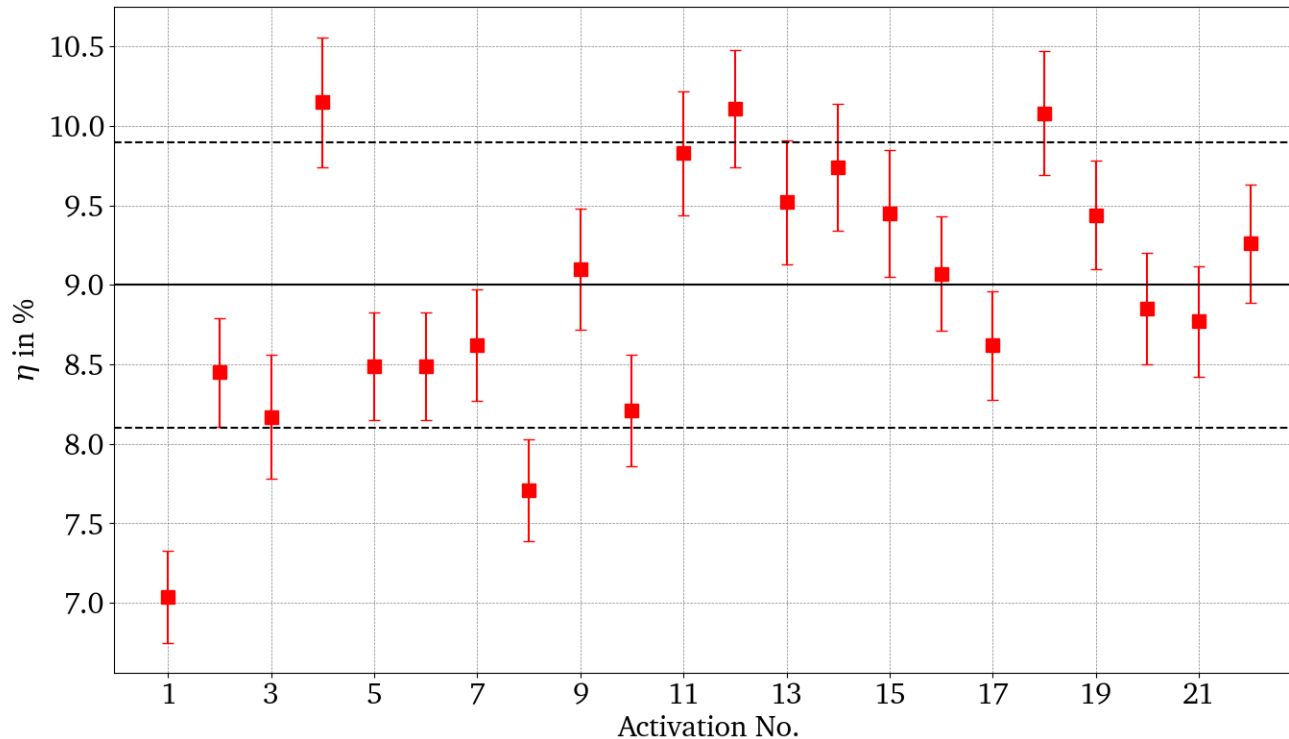
excessive O_2 : $r < r_{opt}$

Photo-CATCH: $r_{opt} \approx 0.043$

p_{Cs} , p_{Ox} , r determined and controlled manually during activation

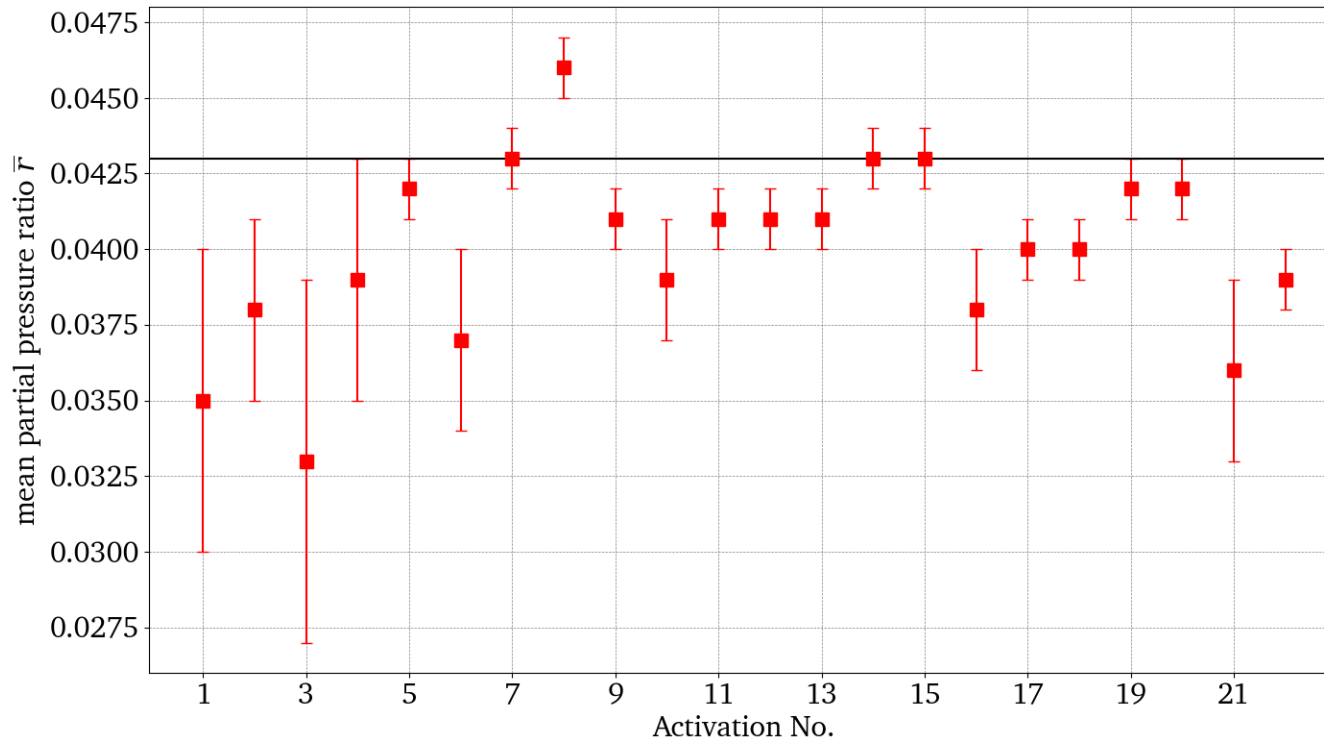
Improved procedure required

Optimized Manual Activations

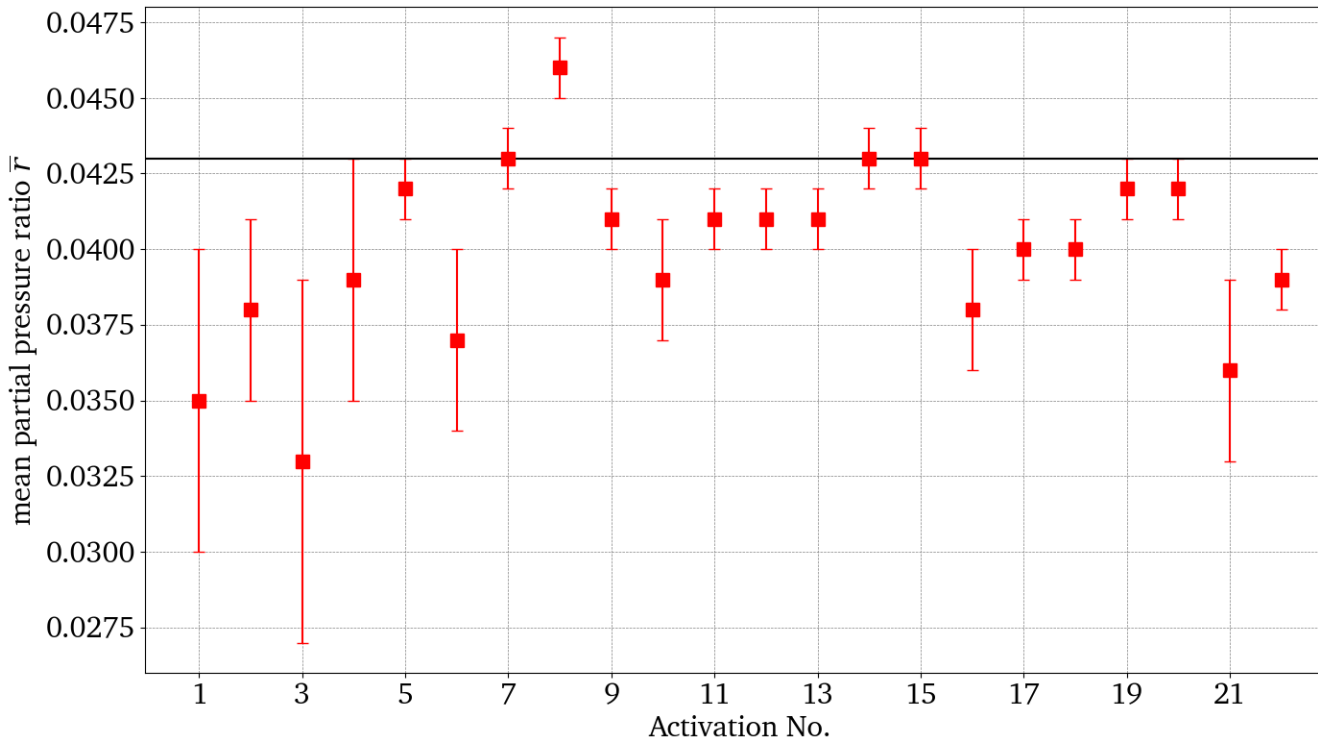


$\lambda = (785 \pm 5) \text{ nm}$
 $P_{\text{laser}} = (50 \pm 2) \mu\text{W}$
 $U_{\text{bias}} = 102 \text{ V}$
 $\eta_{\text{mean}} = (9.0 \pm 0.9) \%$

Partial Pressure Analysis



Partial Pressure Analysis



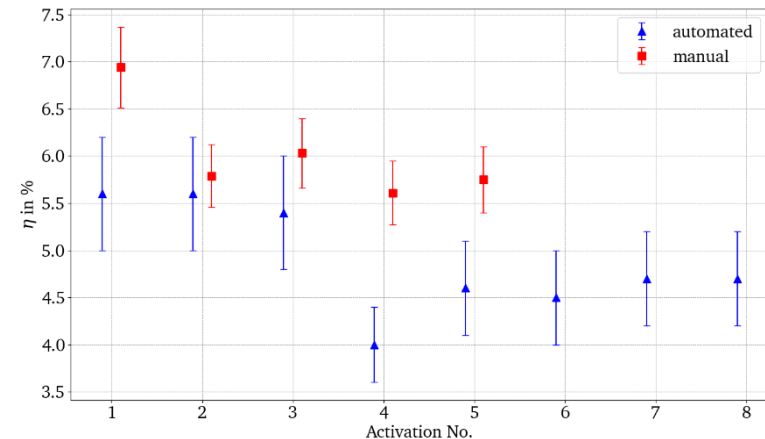
$r = r_{\text{opt}}$: 7 Activations
 $r > r_{\text{opt}}$: 1 Activation
 $r < r_{\text{opt}}$: 14 Activations



Manual control insufficient

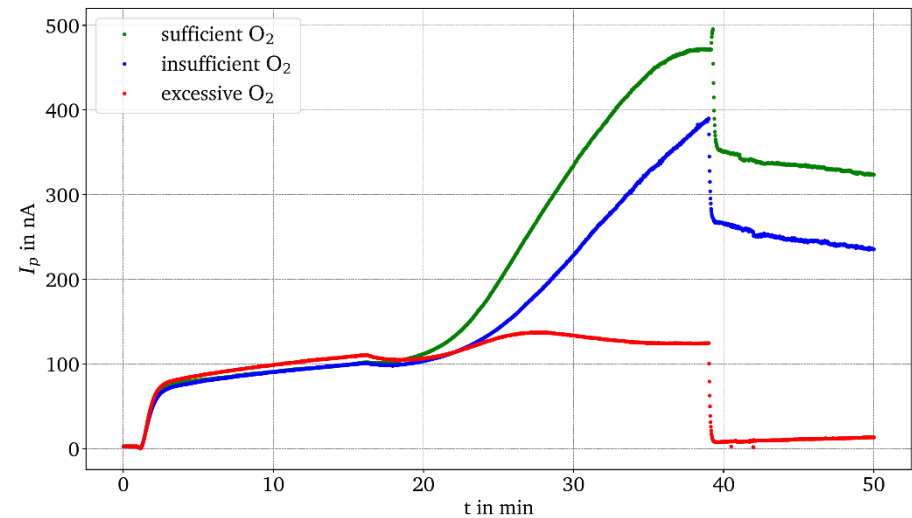
Conclusion

- ✓ Successful implementation of a basic automated activation scheme
- ✓ Reproducibility comparable to manual activation
- ✓ Promising basis for developing sophisticated automation



Outlook

- Further development of automated activation scheme
- Implementation of automated partial pressure ratio control
- Lifetime studies
- High-polarization cathodes



Thank you for your attention!

Many thanks to the members of AG Enders and the S-DALINAC group for their great support and advice, in particular:

Joachim Enders, Tobias Eggert, Markus Engart, Yuliya Fritzsche, Maximilian Meier, Manuel Steinhorst, and Vincent Wende.

Quantum Efficiency – Manual vs Automated

Manual:

$$\lambda = (780 \pm 5) \text{ nm}$$

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$$U_{\text{bias}} = 102 \text{ V}$$

No.	η (%)
1	6.9 ± 0.4
2	5.8 ± 0.3
3	6.0 ± 0.4
4	5.6 ± 0.3
5	5.8 ± 0.4

Quantum Efficiency – Manual vs Automated

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No.	η (%)
1	5.6 ± 0.6
2	5.6 ± 0.6
3	5.4 ± 0.6
4	4.0 ± 0.4
5	4.6 ± 0.5
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